SPAIN IS COMPLETELY CRUSHED

LATEST Oakland Tribune. 5th Edition

VOL. XXXXV. OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, MONDAY EVENING, JULY 4, 1898. NO. 181

CERVERA IS TAKEN PRISONER AND HIS WHOLE FLEET IS DESTROYED.

But One American Killed, While Hundreds of the Dons Meet Death and Thirteen Hundred Are Made Prisoners.

BY THE "TRIBUNE'S" SPECIAL ASSOCIATED PRESS LEASED WIRE.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The Secretary of the Navy has received the following: "Playa, del Este, via Hayti, to the Secretary of the Navy, 3:15 A. M.. Siboney, July 3. The fleet under my command offers the nation as a Fourth of July present, the destruction of the whole of Cervera's fleet. No one escaped.

"It attempted to escape at 9:30 A. M., and at 2 P. M. the last, the Cristobal Colon, has been run ashore six miles west of Santiago and has let down her colors.

"The Infanta, Marie Teresa, Oquenda and Vizcaya were forced ashore, burned and blown up within twenty miles of Santiago; the Furor and Pluton were destroyed within four miles of port.

"Our loss is one killed and two wounded. Enemy's loss several hundred from gun fire, explosions and drowning. About 1300 prisoners including Admiral Cervera. The American killed was George H. Ellis, chief yoeman of the Brooklyn.

(Signed) SAMPSON."

SANTIAGO MUST SURRENDER TOMORROW

WASHINGTON July 4.—The Secretary of War has received a lengthy and most important dispatch from Shafter. It has excited much rumor but the essential points can be given authoritatively. It states that Shafter demanded the surrender of Saniago at noon today on pain of bombardment. Thereupon the foreign Consuls at Santiago made a joint representation, requesting that women and children in the city have until Tuesday noon to withdraw before the bombardment begins. The Spanish general declined to surrender at the time first set by Shafter. At present a truce exists pending the expiration of the twenty-four hours asked for by the foreign Consuls.

General Shafter has given the Spaniards until noon tomorrow before he will bombard the town, then proceeding to final and most aggressive operations. Everything is announced to be very favorable.

M'KINLEY THANKS SAMPSON'S BRAVE MEN.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The following message was sent to Admiral Sampson today by the President:

"To Admiral Sampson, Playa del Este: You have the gratitude and congratulations of the whole American people. Convey to your noble officers and crews, through whose valor new honors have been added to the Americans, the grateful thanks and appreciation of the nation.

"WM. McKINLEY."

SHAFTER'S IRON GRIP ON SANTIAGO.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The War Department has given out the following:

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, NEAR SANTIAGO, July 3.—Tonight my lines completely surrounded the town from the bay on the north of the city to point on San Juan river on the south. The enemy holds from west bend San Juan river to its mouth up the railroad to the city.

"General Pando, I find tonight, is some distance away and will not get into Santiago.

(Signed) "SHAFTER."

OUR BOYS DRENCHED BUT HAPPY.

PLAYAY DEL ESTE, 9:30 A. M., July 4, HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, NEAR SANTIAGO,—When the news of the disaster to thee Spanish fleet reached the front, which was during the truce, the regimental band that had managed to keep its instruments on the line, played "The Star Spangled Banner" and "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight." Men cheering from one end of the line to the other. Officers and men without even shelter tents have been soaking for five days in the afternoon rains, but all are happy.

(Signed) "SHAFTER."

One of these dispatches was in response to congratulations from General Miles, in the course of which he said:

"I expect to be with you in one week with strong reinforcements."

General Shafter's anser expressed delight at the announcement of General Miles coming, in order that he might see the obstacles encountered.

PANDO IS BLOCKED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 4.—A dispatch to the World from Washington says:

General Miles has received a dispatch from Lieutenant Wagner of the Bureau of Military Information now at Santiago, in which he states that General Pando has not formed a junction with the forces of Linares. Pando with 5,000 men, is still some distance from Santiago. General Garcia with 8,000 Cubans is between Pando and Santiago and is successfully resisting his efforts to reach the city.

REPORTED GEATH OF GEN. LINARES.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MADRID, July 4.—At the conclusion of the Cabinet meeting yesterday the Ministers stated that official confirmation had been received that General Veriaderoy and two of General Linares' aide-de-camps were among the killed in the third attack of the Americans on El Caney. It was stated that the American losses exceeded 2,000.

The government has no news from Aguadores. It is reported that Linares has succumb to his wounds, but this report is unconfirmed.

THE SPANISH LOSE HEAVILY.

NEW YORK, July 4.—A dispatch to the World from Halifax, N. S., says:

Your correspondent was shown a cablegram to-night received by A. Remesi from Santiago, stating that the Spanish loss was about 2,500 killed and wounded.

PRAISE FROM GEN. MILES FOR SHAFTER'S MEN

The Commanding General Will Soon Go to Cuba to See the Fighting For Himself.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—General Miles has received the following telegram from General Shafter dated Playa del Este, July 3d:

"HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS.—Killed a Spanish general in affair at Caney and a large number of officers and men, who are still unburied. General Linares' arm was broken. My demand for the surrender of Santiago is still being considered by the Spanish authorities. Pando has arrived near the break in railroad with his advance. I think he will be stopped."

Also the following from Assistant Arjutant-General Wagner, at the same place and time:

"Pando six miles north with five thousand. Garcia opposed with 3,000. Lawton can support Garcia and prevent junction."

General Miles sent the following dispatch to General Shafter before the news of the destruction of fleet:

"HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, WASHINGTON, Ju-

VICTORY ON LAND AND SEA.

ly 3d.—General Shafter, Playa del Este: Accept my hearty congratulations on the record made, on the magnificent fortitude, gallantry and sacrifice displayed in the desperate fighting of the troops before Santiago. I realize the hardships, difficulties and sufferings, and am proud that amid these terrible scenes the troops illustrated such fearless and patriotic devotion to the welfare of common country and our flag. Whatever the results to follow their unsurpassed deeds of valor, the past is already a gratifying chapter of history. I expect to be with you within one week with strong reinforcements.

"GENERAL MILES Commanding.

"General Shafter's reply is as follows:

"PLAYA DEL ESTE, July 3.—General Miles, Washington: Fifth Army Corps, near Santiago, July 3.—I thank you in the name of the gallant men I have the honor to command for the splendid tribute of praise which you have accorded. They bore themselves as American soldiers always have. Your telegram will be published at the headquarters of the regiments in the morning. I feel that I am master of the situation and can hold the enemy for any length of time. I am delighted to know that you are coming, that you may see for yourself the obstacles which this army had to overcome. My only regret is the great number of gallant soldiers who have given their lives for our country's cause.

"SHAFTER."

SHAFTER IS MASTER OF THE SITUATION.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—General Miles has received two dispatches from General Shafter this morning. In one General Shafter says:

"I feel that I am master of the situation and can hold the enemy any length of time."

In another General Shafter says:

"My demand for the surrender of Santiago still being considered by the Spanish authorities."

SPAIN'S PITIFUL TALE OF VICTORY.

MADRID, July 4, noon.—An official dispatch received here from Santiago de Cuba says Admiral Cervera's squadron has succeeded in making a sortie from Santiago."

No details are given. The Minister for War, General Correa, has received a dispatch from Santiago de Cuba, giving the Spanish losses during the two days' fighting at 200 killed and wounded.

A later official dispatch from Santiago says:

"Admiral Cervera's squadron made a sortie from Santiago, traversing the channel without incident. But a heavy cannonade was heard outside the harbor, and it is supposed a naval battle was proceeding.

"General Escarijas' column has forced its way through the American lines and has entered Santiago."

DEWEY CAPTURES A SPANISH GUNBOAT.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Admiral Dewey's telegram to the Navy Department is given out as follows:

HONG KONG, July 4, Cavite, July 1.—Three transports and the Charleston arrived yesterday. The Charleston captured Guam, Ladrone Islands, June 21. No resistance. Brought Spanish officers from the Garrison, six officers and fifty-four men, to Manila. On June 29, the Spanish gun vessel came out of a river and surrendered to me, having exhausted ammunition and food in repelling attacks by the Insurgents. She had on board fifty-two officers and ninety-four men, naval and military.

(Signed) DEWEY.

MESSAGE FROM ANDERSON.

Adjutant General Corbin has received the following, via Hongkong, July 3, from General Anderson, who commanded the first military expedition to the Philippines,

"Cavalry, artillery and riding horses disabled. Can get limited number draught animals here.

ANDERSON."

REVOLUTION BREAKS OUT IN URUGUAY.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, July 4.—A revolution has broken out in the capital. The Fourth Regiment of Light Artillery, headed by General Estevan, has mutinied. Firing began early this morning, and continues as this dispatch is sent, close to the city. The Government has declared the city in a state of siege, and has called out the National Guard.

A detachment of British bluejackets has been landed here to defend the British Consulate.

The revolution is supposed to be the result of intrigues of the Herrerriata party, composed of Dr. Miguel Herrerra Yobes, former President of the Republic of Uruguay, and Minister of the Interior and Justice in the Borda Cabinet.

DESTRUCTION OF SANTIAGO FILLS MILES WITH JOY.

The General Says No Time Will Be Lost in Rushing More Troops to Shafter's Assistance.

NEW YORK, July 4.—A special to the World from Washington says:

General Miles was buoyant with hope when he rceived the news that Santiago had been reduced to ruins. He said "The news is splendid and puts a most brilliant aspect upon the situation. While it may affect the plans of military operations in Santiago very materially it will not stop the offensive operations to be carried on there.

"The destruction of the city does not necessarily mean that the Spanish troops have been driven out, for they were in the breastworks surrounding the city and many have not been dislodged. It may be, however, that they were demoralized and were put to flight.

"We will continue the plan of sending reinforcements just the same. Troops in sufficient numbers will leave Tampa, Chickamauga and Camp Alger. I cannot give the details at this time."

DEWEY'S LONG WAIT FOR AID IS NOW OVER.

The Transports Safely Arrive, Their Delay Being Due to the Seizure of the Ladrones.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—A cablegram from Admiral Dewey was received at the Navy Department shortly after 5 o'clock this morning announcing the safe arrival of the first fleet of transports.

The message is in the Navy cipher and has not yet been completely translated, but it is stated by the cipher officer that it is confirmatory of the Associated Press dispatch announcing that the Ladrone Islands had been occupied by American troops from the transports.

It is also stated that Admiral Dewey makes no mention of any change in the situation of affairs at Manila.

OVER THE LADRONES WAVES OLD GLORY.

MANILA, July 1, via Hong Kong July 4.—The United States troops on the transports City of Sydney, City of Peking and Australia, convoyed by the United States ship Charleston, arrived off Cavite at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after an eventful voyage. On the way here the Charleston called at Guam, the largest of the Ladrone islands, the group in the Pacific which belonged to Spain, took possession of the whole group, made prisoners of Governor-General Marina, his staff and the entire military force, and raised the Stars and Stripes over the ruins of Santa Cruz fort in the harbor of San Luis de la Paz.

The troops are in good condition, and our only loss was Private Hutchinson, of the First Oregon, who died on the City of Sydney on June 20th, and was buried at sea on June 21st.

STORY OF SATURDAY'S FURIOUS FIGHTING.

(Copyright 1898 by Associated Press.)

ON THE HILL NEAR EL PASO, BEFORE SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Saturday, July 2, via Port Alliance, July 3, PER THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BOAT DAUNTLESS.—Before the batteries of artillery were in place this morning, the bombarding of the San Juan quarter of Santiago and the Spanish position in front of our right began. After a quarter of an hour's shelling, General Lawton's troops, who had been reinforced, pressed forward upon the enemy's left flank, pouring in an exceedingly hot fire, which continued during the greater part of the afternoon.

It is not intended to force the fighting before tomorrow, the present plan being to turn the Spanish left, taking the whole line in enfilade, and thus obtain a speedy entrance into the upper end of the city.

Admiral Sampson's heavy guns thundered at intervals all the forenoon, and the American shells were distinctly seen to explode with tremendous force and loud detonations beyond the San Juan barracks, over which numerous Red Cross flags were flying.

SOMEBODY BLUNDERED.

The concentration of the American battery on what is now dubbed "Grimes' Hill," near our left center, was the result of a blunder made last night in posting our guns so near the Spanish infantry intrenchments that they could not be properly supported. The idea of a cross artillery fire was abandoned, but the position occupied by the batteries on our right was not relinquished.

The rifle firing at that point at one time was as heavy as anywhere along the line. The Spaniards kept up volley firing for fully an hour, but the deliberate spacing of our own shots showed that our men, as usual, were cool and effective in their work.

CERVERA'S DEADLY FIRE.

Later Admiral Cervera's fleet in the harbor succeeded in getting an approximate range angle of our advance on the left, and sent in many heavy shells, which exploded close to the entrenchments. It was realized late yesterday that we might have hard fighting today in order to maintain this advanced position around the large blockhouse or so-called fortifications. Entrenchments were therefore thrown up there during the night.

Thus far to-day the Spanish infantry have let these works severely alone. Near this position 200 Spanish soldiers and sixty-two officers were captured this morning. Both these and 2,000 prisoners taken yesterday, on the right, marched to the rear during the forenoon. The expression on all their faces was exceedingly sullen.

The rumor that one prisoner turned upon a Lieutenant of the Tenth Cavalry, who had just turned him over to the guard, and stabbed him, the guard taking immediate vengeance for this dastardly deed by felling the Spaniard with a bullet, is not confirmed.

SPANISH TREACHERY.

There are many evidences of disloyal methods of warfare on the part of the Spaniards yesterday. One of their batteries masked by a blockhouse over which the Red Cross flag was flying, on the road leading from General Shafter's quarters, on the Rio Sevilla to the front, has been for two days infested at various points by sharpshooters, who fired deliberately upon our wounded and upon our men who are disengaged. It was supposed they have stolen through our lines on the right and taken refuge in the hospitals.

In the trenches secured by the United States many shells and explosive cartridges have been found.

SLAUGHTERED SPANIARDS.

The impression appears to be well founded that the Spanish loses, especially in dead, will probably amount up to 3,000 killed and wounded. The losses of the Spaniards are much heavier than ours. In some of the trenches some of the corpses lay in unbroken lines two or three deep.

It was not General Shafter's intention to attempt a general assault on the Spaniards to-day, unless our bombardment and General Lawton's oblique fire on our right developed an exceptional opportunity. The morning orders were to confine our principal operations to the defense of the positions we have taken, and reinforcements for the whole line was sent forth early in the forenoon. The Second Regiment of infantry was sent to the right, the Ninth Massachusetts and the Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Michigan to the center, in all about 2,000 fresh troops. The formation of the line today is as follows:

General Lawton on the right, General Kent on the right center, General Wheeler left center and General Bates on the left.

General Garcia's main insurgent force is thrown out to the right. General Lawton sent a message to General Shafter later in the afternoon, saying he was in possession of several fine positions for planting batteries to dominate both the city and the fortifications of the port.

SHAFTER'S OBSERVATIONS.

From his headquarters General Shafter examined minutely Morro Castle and its supporting batteries on the range of the ocean, and it was definitely ascertained that the support of Santiago was one gunboat, three ironclads and three transports.

General Shafter says General Pando has not yet arrived at Santiago de Cuba, and that General Garcia is expected to stop him, and he has been asked to do so at all hazards.

As the correspondent is about to leave with his dispatch for the seacoast, heavy fighting has been resumed on our right. The sharp cracking of the Spanish volleys alternate with the steady business-like discharges of our infantry.

It is understood that we have gained there a substantial advantage, commanding the Spanish flanks.

GERMAN SPY ARRESTED.

A German newspaper correspondent named Ring was arrested by order of General Shafter last evening on the charge of being a spy in the pay of the Spaniards.

The safest estimates of the killed and the wounded in yesterday's fighting place it at nearly 1,000. Fourteen men died in the hospital last night and this morning.

There is likely to be a great deal said about the treatment of foreign military attaches during this campaign. Some of them have not been supplied with mounts, tents or attendants, contrary to the usage of military authorities.

DONS WANT PEACE NOW.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PARIS, July 4.—A dispatch to the Matin from Madrid, published to-day, says:

"In spite of the bellicosity of official utterances, Senor Sagasta is ardently desirous of peace and has already taken steps to arrange for a cessation of hostilities. The general feeling of the Cabinet yesterday evening was that peace should be immediately sought if disaster overtakes Santiago de Cuba."

BLANCO ASKS THE QUEEN REGENT TO RECALL CERVERA.

Says the Admiral Is Not Equal to His Command and That Villamil Should Take His Place.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 4.—Advices received by the Junta say:

News has reached here to the effect that Captain General Blanco has sent a message from Havana to the Queen Regent of Spain requesting her to relieve Admiral Cervera from command of the fleet in the harbor of Santiago, and urging that he be replaced by Commodore Villamil. General Blanco said further that he did not believe Admiral Cervera was equal to the importance of his command, and intimated that if Santiago is lost to the American and Cuban soldiers it will be due to his neglect to take advantage of his opportunities.

Blanco thinks that Admiral Cervera has allowed valuable opportunities to slip by while he has been lying in the harbor of Santiago, and says that he should have gone out to meet and fight the Americans before the invading army was given an opportunity to land.

At the same time, Blanco's message shows that he still believes, or rather hopes, that Spain will be victorious. He informs the Queen Regent that dissension and revolt among the police and volunteers in Havana, due to the strict observance of military discipline, have blown over and the inhabitants of the city, as well as the soldiers, are pacific and patriotic in their expressions and actions. He says that the American soldiers are not fit to fight in Cuba, never having had any experience in tropical countries, and the intense heat and peculiar climate have produced much illness among them.

The Cuban soldiers he refers to very contemptuously, saying that no account is to be taken of them, and he urges the Queen Regent to pay no attention to American reports of victory in Cuba, which, he says, are written for the sensational American press, and have no foundation in fact.

According to the message, Blanco says that a number of vessels loaded with provisions from various points have arrived and that there is no danger of famine. The American blockade of Havana, he says, is absolutely ineffective, and the steamers find no difficulty in running it. A few of them are captured, but the majority, so far, have succeeded in landing their cargoes.

At the same time the Queen Regent received information from the representatives of the South American Governments in Madrid that they could not undertake to intervene or interfere in any way with the Spanish-American war, even to the extent of offering their services in the matter of securing favorable peace terms. Their declination is accompanied by expressions of regret, but it is couched in such terms as to leave Spain no hope of aid from that quarter.

The majority of the South American governments represented in Madrid, while preserving a strict neutrality, are at heart in favor of Cuba, if not of the United States, and would do nothing to place obstacles in the way of the island people and the independence which now seems assured to them.

OUR FLEET TO BOMBARD SPAIN

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Secretary of State Day, Secretary of War Alger, Secretary of the Navy Long and Admiral Sicard have been in session with the President for an hour, going over the Cuban question. Secretary Long says the fleet would be sent to the Spanish coast at once.

OUR GENERALS SICK BUT FULL OF FIGHT.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

STRONEY, July 2, 7:30 P. M., BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BOAT DAUNTLESS, via Port Antonio, and Kingston, Jamaica, Sunday, July 3, 3:15 P. M.—General T. D. Lyman, Captain Second Brigade of General Wheeler's Cavalry Division, has been suffering with fever since Wednesday night, and has been confined to his tent. General Wheeler also had a slight fever on Thursday and Friday morning, but recovered to go to the front soon after the cannonading was begun from Grimes Hill.

General Shafter is still more or less ailing, so that his headquarters have not been moved as far forward as would be most convenient, but he has directed the general movements of his army, though lying most of the time on a cot or in a hammock, attended by a surgeon. There were many cases of prostration from heat among the men of the Ninth Massachusetts and the two Michigan regiments, all of whom were landed only this morning, and pushed on at once to the front to reinforce our wearied men of the firing line.

SPANIARDS LOSE TWO MORE OF THEIR VESSELS

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OFF SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 2, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 3, 11:55 P. M., Sunday.—On the morning of July 1, the Hist, Hornet and Wampatuck destroyed a Spanish gunboat near Cape Cruz. On the afternoon of the same day three members of the Mosquito Fleet destroyed another war vessel at Manzanillo. At the latter place a hot engagement ensued between the three small American craft and nine Spanish vessels, supported by land batteries and troops ashore.

One large Spanish torpedo boat was disabled, three Spanish gunboats were seriously injured and a pontoon full of Spanish troops was sunk, the enemy escaping in boats. The Hornet was temporarily disabled, but the only casualities on the American side were three men scalded by escaping steam.

The Spanish loss is believed to be large.

The Hist, Hornet and Wampatuck returned to Santiago de Cuba and were sent to Guantanamo today for repairs.

Rear Admiral Sampson warmly congratulated Lieutenant Young, J. A. Hams and C. W. Gunn, the commanders respectively of the Hist, Hornet and Wampatuck for their bravery and the successful tackling of such a superior force

WASHINGTON IS WILD WITH JOY AND PRIDE

Tremendous Enthusiasm Greets the Glorious News of Sampson's Great Victory.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Inspiring, glorious news thrilled every avenue of official life and stirred every heart in the national capital today, making it indeed a glorious Fourth of July.

Word came from Shafter, from Sampson and from Dewey, telling of successes already achieved and those near at hand. The wildest and most indescribable enthusiasm greeted Admiral Sampson's dispatch announcing the complete annihilation of Admiral Cervera's fleet, and the surrender of the Admiral himself with 1,300 Spanish prisoners. Cheer after cheer rang through the corridors of the State, War and Navy buildings. A surging mass of newspaper correspondents struggled about the bulletin boards, and hundreds of officials and clerks crowded up to hear the stirring news.

First the hurrahs started in the Navy Department, but as word was passed along the cry was taken up, until every hall and corridor re-echoed with the cheers of victory. Soon the news spread outside and ran to the Fourth of July crowds, until the whole national capital was sharing in the cheers. To say that the glad tidings were welcome to the President and his advisers but faintly tells the sentiment it inspired. Among them and in all official quarters it was accepted not only as a glorious victory on the national day of the Republic, but one which dealt such a deadly blow to Spain that she could not rise again.

GOOD NEWS FROM SHAFTER.

Several of Shafter's dispaches were made public. One stated that he had the enemy surrounded on the north and east. Another contained the statement: "I feel that I am the master of the situation and can hold the enemy for any length of time."

In still another General Shafter said his demand for the surrender of Santiago was still being considered by the Spanish authorities. Yet another dispatch from Shafter, probably the most important of all, was not made public unp to 1 o'clock. It is of great length covering five or six typewritten sheets of telegraph paper.

Briefly and semi-officially its contents were summed up as follows:

General Shafter made a demand for the surrender of Santiago. This was at first refused by the Spanish commander, but the demand was apparently taken under consideration. General Shafter's notice was that he would begin the bombardment of the city today unless the surrender was made. Fearing the awful result of bombardment the representatives of foreign countries at Santiago addressed Shafter and asked that another day be given for the women and children and non-combatants to be taken out of the city. It is understood that General Shafter would give a reasonable time for the removal of the women and children. At all events a period of inaction followed, with the expectation that the surrender will be made by tomorrow noon or else that the bombardment will begin.

The news from Dewey was equally stirring. His official dispatch bore the Hong Kong date of July 4th, although it came from Cavite July 1st. It told not only of the arrival of the first expedition but of the capture of Guam, Ladrone Islands, with its garrison of six officers and fifty-four men and the surrender of the gunboat Leyte, with fifty-two officers and ninety-four men.

TERRIBLE CARNAGE IN SATURDAY'S BATTLE.

AT GENERAL SHAFTER'S HEADQUARTERS, July 2, 3:00 A. M., PER THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BOAT DAUNTLESS, via Port Antonio, Jamaica, July 3, by way of Kingston, Jamaica, July 3, 10:15 P. M.—At daybreak the battle will be resumed.

After the capture of El Caney, shortly before dark last night, General Lawton's division, with the independent brigade of General Bates, who had fought all day for the town, moved up and joined its force to that of General Wheeler and General Kent. The line was shortened by night, and when the fight is opened to-day the Spaniards will find themselves confronted within the space of three miles with fully 12,000 more troops.

Grimes, Cameron and Dillingharus' batteries were also brought up during the night and planted along the ridge of rolling ground which confronts the city. General Shafter, lying in his tent, which was lighted by a tallow dip, remained up until after midnight, conferring with his division and brigade commanders, discussing the situation and plan of action for the day. To a correspondent of the Associated Press the General said he was proud of the gallant conduct of the troops and perfectly satisfied with the results attained. At the same time, General Shafter expressed deep regret at the heavy loss which his command had sustained. He said the action would be resumed at dawn.

"But," he added, "I cannot tell you whether an attempt will be made to carry the town by assault, owing to our troops being worn out and exhausted with the hard days' fighting."

OUR HEROIC DEAD.

Our troops bivouacked on the ground they had taken so gallantly, but it was stained with the blood of many brave men. Stricken homes and sorrowed lives have been left behind, and many a brave boy lay sleeping with the dew of death upon his beardless face and curling locks, while mother or sweetheart far away lay dreaming of him, all unconscious that he had given his life to his country.

No fires were lighted, with the moonlight streaming softly down upon the scene of the day's carnage. The men, most of whom had not touched food during the day, ate hard tack and raw bacon from their knapsacks and then, without blankets on shelter, threw themselves upon the bare ground and slept. During the night fresh ammunition and food was brought up and distributed, but none of the dead were carried off the field, and the remains of many lying in the deep undergrowth near the line of advance will perhaps never be found save by the buzzards.

CARING FOR THE WOUNDED.

The wounded were carried to the rear to receive the ministrations of the doctors, which, no matter how early it comes, is always tardy.

At the divisional medical headquarters, Major Wood and Captain Johnson were dressing wounds and their staff worked all night.

FOUR THOUSAND MORE MEN SENT TO GEN. SHAFTER

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Upwards of 4,000 men are now on their way to reinforce General Shafter in his operations in Santiago province. A most important contingent is six batteries of light artillery, consisting of twenty-four officers and 628 men, which left Tampa yesterday. They are made up of two companies each from the Third, Fourth and Fifth artillery regiments. On June 30th the First Illinois regiment of forty-six officers and 896 men pulled out of Tampa, and yesterday at 12 o'clock the First District of Columbia volunteer regiment, consisting of thirty-six officers and 177 men, in command of Colonel George H. Harries, left the same place. On June 29th a vessel left with 950 men aboard, comprising recruits to fill a number of existing regiments now in Cuba to their maximum strength provided by law. The vessels are to assemble at Key West where a naval convoy will escort them to Shafter's relief.

SAMPSON IS TO BE MADE A COMMODORE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The President to-day sent these nominations to the Senate: Commodore Frederick V. McNair to be Rear Admiral; Captain W. T. Sampson, to be a Commodore; Commander Francis W. Dickins, to be a Captain; Lieutenant, Junior Grade, H. A. Field, to be a Lieutenant; Ensign Albert L. Norton to be a Lieutenant; Lieutenant Commander Wm. S. Cowle to be a Commander.

SAGASTA NOW ADMITS LOSS OF SANTIAGO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, July 4.—A special from Madrid quotes Premier Sagasta as saying in an interview that he thought "the Americans would get the reinforcements they had required, which would enable them to take Santiago de Cuba."

The Premier is said to have added: "Though the American warships may destroy our squadron in the harbor, yet we will pursue the war. There are in Cuba 100,000 men ready to die in its defense, and they will not yield."

CHICKAMAUGA BOYS FOR CUBA.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL MILITARY PARK, July 4.—Although the officials at headquarters continue to maintain great secrecy in regard to the movement of troops from here to Cuba, it is generally believed that the movement will begin to-morrow. Fifteen regiments are under emergency orders, and the indications are that the start will be made at once.

ALTAMONT PUPILS CAN NOT GRADUATE.

The class of '98 of the Altamont Public School that was recently ordered to take another final examination by the County Board of Education, miserably failed in its second attempt. Superintendent Garlick's notification to Principal Gill that diplomas cannot be issued to the candidates for graduation has caused considerable stir.

BRITISH TOWN CELEBRATES OUR INDEPENDENCE.

Fraternal Speeches Made at Stepney Meeting House by Englishmen and Americans.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 4.—A special to the Tribune from London says: British and American flags hung from the pulpit at Stepney meeting house Sunday, and Independence day was celebrated with more than Yankee energy twenty-four hours ahead of time in the historic stronghold of English nonconformity. The Congregational Church near Stepney green was filled with an East End audience consisting mainly of men.

H. A. Kennedy, as chairman of the Stepney Men's Sunday School, made an introductory address, referring in hearty, generous terms to America, justifying the revolution of 1776 and declaring that Englishmen would have done the same thing under the same circumstances, since it was not in English blood to lie down and be trampled upon. He also asserted that America in fighting Spain was not neglecting public duty, as England and Europe renounced their moral obligation when the Turks were slaughtering Armenians. The people of the United States were acting like an elder brother toward a younger one who needed thorough chastisement. He expressed a firm belief that the result of the present hostilities would be beneficial both in the West Indies and in the Philippines.

After Madame Zipporah Montaith had sung "The Star Spangled Banner" from the pulpit, Colonel James L. Taylor, President of the American Society, delivered a short and judicious address on the relations of the United States and England at the time of the revolution and on signs of increasing good feeling now existing between them. He referred during the address to Special Embassador Reid, whose name was received by the audience with enthusiastic applause. He quoted with excellent effect the closing sentence of Mr. Reid's Fourth of July speech delivered in London a year ago, and the Stepney audience again applauded with great heartiness.

Colonel Taylor was followed by Dr. John Kennedy, almost the oldest ex-chairman of the Congregational Union, who was in charge of Stepney meeting house for thirty-six years and took a prominent part in the sixties in arousing British sympathy for the Union. This veteran made an earnest speech, full of good feeling for America. Stepney has the honor of being the first English community to celebrate the birthday of American liberty with fraternal heartiness and cordiality.

TRIED TO KILL THE MAN WHO INTERFERED.

Frank Newell Seriously Hurt in a Street Fight.

L. Figone Struck Him in the Face With a Hatchet.

Louis Figone, proprietor of a fruit stand at 468 Seventh street, between Franklin street and Broadway, was arrested yesterday for having struck Frank Newell, a blacksmith residing at 706 Nineteenth street. It is claimed he hit Newell in the face with a hatchet.

Several people who saw the fracas state that the assault was entirely uncalled for. Figone, while quarreling with a countryman, threatened to use his hatchet on him, when Newell interfered, telling Figone to put up his weapon or he would get into trouble, whereupon the fruit vender turned and dealt Newell a blow in the face with the cutting edge of the hatchet.

Fortunately the blow was a glancing one, or it might have resulted fatally. As it is, Newell is badly hurt, and Figone is locked up charged with assault to murder.

BERKELEY PATRONS WANT THEIR LAWNS.

They Rebel Against the Alameda Water Company and Its Rules.

The trouble between the Alameda Water Company and its Berkeley patrons is assuming broad dimensions. The people steadfastly refuse to obey the order forbidding the irrigation of lawns and flower gardens, and the inhibition of water for such irrigation, which the water corporation launched against the public a week ago, is not proving of much avail. Berkeleyites, like other people, are proud of their lawns and roses, and are loth to give them up. President Richards of the Board of Trustees says that the Board will have to stand by the company in this matter. "We recognize the necessity of preventing the use of water for other than sanitary and domestic purposes. It is probable that at our next meeting on July 9th the Board will pass an ordinance sustaining the water company in the present emergency."

DALTON WILL ASSESS THE WATER FRONT.

County Assessor Henry P. Dalton has so assessed the property of Alameda county this year that the Oakland water front property is included. This realty and improved property was awarded to the Oakland Water Front Company as against the City's claim by the Supreme Court. It therefore now comes within the category of assessable property. The total valuation of this property is about $600,000, as assessed by Mr. Dalton. This will make a nice increase in the city's receipts.

OAKLANDS MAINTAIN THEIR LOSING STREAK.

Athletics Bat Moskiman All Over the Recreation Park.

The Athletics administered a severe drubbing to the Oaklands at Recreation Park yesterday afternoon. The first two innings were rapid and exciting, both teams playing effective ball, but in the third the Athletics batting on Moskiman's shoots and landed them any old place at any old time. On the contrary, Oakland could do nothing with Fitzpatrick's delivery, securing but eight scattering hits.

SHAEFFER ANSWERS HURT'S ALLEGATIONS.

Lou Shaeffer's persistent fight to hold his stepchildren from falling into the hands of their father, Joel J. Hurt, the rich Wyoming stock breeder, has caused the latter to utter many sharp words. Shaeffer has made the following resentful statements:

"There is nothing in it. In the first place, Hurt stopped paying his former wife alimony early this year. He never gave his wife a dollar except the home place at Caspar, which she sold for $1,200. Then there were a few months in which alimony was paid.

"Hurt cannot prove a single statement he has made against me. He says I am a dissolute character. Well, I have worked hard to support my wife and these children, and I propose to continue along this line. The children and my home show for themselves.

"There isn't a particle of truth in Hurt's declarations that an effort is being made to poison the children's minds against him. He hasn't any claim upon them. They love their mother, who has cared for them like a true mother, and they are affectionate to me. We want to keep them, and I don't believe any court will take them away from us."

SALVATIONISTS WILL STORM SIN'S CASTLE.

The Fourth will be properly celebrated by the Salvation Army at the Trestle Glen camp grounds. After joining in the grand patriotic procession in Oakland, an immense gathering will be held under canvas, in which the Declaration of Independence will be read and the Rev. Dr. Dille will deliver the speech of the day at 2:30 P. M.

At night there will be fireworks, which will consist of a grand assault by the Salvation Army in naval costumes upon the "El Morro Castle of Sin," which has been constructed for the occasion.

Major Winchell will act as Admiral of the occasion. During the evening a naval engagement with appropriate scenes of sea life will be given.

BRAVE BOYS SAVE TWO CHILDREN'S LIVES.

Elsie McCann, a young woman residing at Livermore, heroicly rescued little George Corby from a cruel death. The child was in a spring wagon, to which was attached a pair of spirited horses. Captain Corby left the team untied at the Livermore lumber yard, and while he was away the animals became frightened.

Efforts were made to stop the team before it could get under way, but not until it had rushed at a terrific rate for seven blocks could it be checked. McCann at the peril of his life, caught the fugitive team on horseback.

CANNON EXPLODES.

Last night about 9:30 o'clock a toy cannon exploded in front of Levin's grocery store on Tenth and Washington streets and did considerable damage. One piece of the flying iron struck a man standing in the cigar stand adjoining the grocery store and knocked him down. The man was somewhat bruised, but not hurt seriously. Another fragment went through one of the front windows of Levin's grocery store and imbedded itself in a partition directly back of the window. The names of the persons firing the cannon have not yet been learned.

A Distinguished Visitor.

The most interesting visitor to Oakland on this national holiday is Mrs. Reuben Norwood, a granddaughter of Francis Scott Key, whose famous song, "The Star Spangled Banner" promises to become the national anthem of the United States. Her home is at Texarkana on the borderland of Texas.

Want to Mortgage.

The Golden Gate Congregational Church has petitioned the Superior Court for permission to mortgage its property in order to secure a loan of $700. July 11th has been appointed time for hearing.

Constable Appointed.

John J. Creed was appointed a deputy constable to-day by Constable G. A. Koch of Oakland Township.

SOLDIERS ARE EXCUSED FOR THE FOURTH.

This Was a Very Quiet Day at Camp Barrett.

Nine Companies Enrolled by the Regimental Surgeons.

Camp Barrett is practically deserted today. Early this morning Captain Murray tendered leave of absence to all the attaches at headquarters. Colonel Henshaw, at the same time made an order that any officer or private could be excused for the day, and there was a stampede from the company ranks.

The regimental surgeons have examined up to date nine companies.

To-morow morning, Colonel Henshaw will assume active command, and visitors will be allowed only on presentation of military passes.

Progress in examining the men by the regimental surgeons is very slow. Only four companies have as yet passed the doctor's muster. They are the San Rafael, San Jose, Santa Rosa and Marysville troops. The last-named had 11 rejections but Captain Voss still has 114 men to select from.

To-day Captain Ford's men from Colusa are under the stethescope. Captain Ford is the second ranking line officer in the camp and his place on the right of the third battalion entitled him to follow Captain Elliott of San Rafael, the ranking Captain of the regiment, but the mustering office refused to pay any attention to him unless his company was filled to its full quota. Captain Ford was the first to arrive at the camp, but he was three men short. When he learned of the mustering officer's decision, a hurried skirmish of the camp was made for additional recruits; but although there was plenty of extra men they had preferences for their respective home companies, and the Colusa ranks went a begging for three days. Captain Elliott sent his Colusa neighbor four "extras" only to have them reject the proffer at the last moment. There was nothing for Captain Ford to do but to send a hurried request to Colusa for more men. These arrived yesterday morning and the dilemma was solved.

NEED MORE SURGEONS.

So slow is the work of examining the men proceeding that Major Shields, the regimental surgeon, has asked Adjutant General Barrett for another physician to assist in the work. Upon his arrival, Major Shields will divide his working force into two squads, hoping thus to complete two companies a day. Assisted by Lieutenants Dudley and Yost, Major Shields finds it impossible under the present arrangement to examine more than one company a day, and unless more haste is accomplished another week will be necessary for the doctors to complete their work.

The examination the men are subject to is very strict in many respects, although the doctors seem to lay special stress upon heart defects of any sort. Ninety per cent of the men rejected have either functional or organic trouble with this organ of the body. Many of them learned for the first time of their weakness. The doctors' work illustrates the difficulties cigarette and habitual smokers have to get a good bill of health. A "cigarette" heart is sufficient to kill any recruit's chances for serving in California's newest regiment of volunteers. This tight drawing of the lines by the surgeons, while being in direct harmony with Colonel Henshaw's views, lead many people to believe that the troops are to see some pretty hard service before long. "A volunteer may be under or over weight and his chances of acceptance are still good, but the slightest ailment of the heart means staying at home," is the way the doctors are putting it.

FIRST HOSPITAL PATIENT.

The hospital has its first patient. Private Wessel of Company G of Alameda occupies a cot. Wessel's condition is not serious at all, but he is receiving every attention from the Red Cross nurses. The treatment he is receiving is making many of his messmates very envious, and there is likely to be some work for the ambulance corps. At any time the "boys" can possibly succeed in feigning illness. Some of the men from the interior are nursing bad colds, due to the change of climate, but the surgeons anticipate nothing serious.

FUN IN CAMP.

Camp diversions in the evening are varied and numerous. The advent at the camp Friday night of a score of small boys from Fruitvale, headed by a gorgeous drum major and bugle corps, was quite an event. The youngsters were well drilled and made the rounds of the entire field to the cheering of the men, who lined up along the picket limits.

Company G of Redding has promised the camp a treat. Captain Smith's ranks include a splendid string quartette and a band of Indian war dancers, whose admirers say they have no equal in the whole State.

Company D of San Rafael has promised a boxing exhibition for the coming week. There are some prodigies in the ranks of every company, and there is likely to be some spirited rivalry as soon as the camp is well organized.

None of the men will be actually mustered until the entire regiment passed the stethoscope test. As fast, however, as the doctors pronounce favorable judgment Commissary Paterson issues a company five days' rations. Until actually mustered the men are not in Uncle Sam's service, and consequently not entitled to access to the general commissary.

FOOD IS SCARCE.

On the other hand, their act in volunteering removes them from the ranks of the National Guard, and consequently the State neglects to provide them with food. Each company, when ordered out, was allowed one day's rations from the National Guard commissary chest and since that time the men have fed themselves from their own pockets, or else depended on the bounty and generosity of the Red Cross Society and visitors to the camp.

Major Shields' suggestion that the men bathe once a day has been well received. Almost every hour in the day squads of men flock to the banks of the tidal canal for a swim or dip at least.

CORRUPTED SOLDIERS.

Mary Palm, a 15-year-old girl residing at 1459 West street, was taken into the county jail last evening on a charge of corrupting the soldiers at the camp.

WERE TREATED AT THE HOSPITAL.

Ben Dixon, a railroad employee living at Fortieth and Adeline streets, was treated at the Receiving Hospital by Dr. Horn yesterday. He was chopping wood and hit his fingers with the ax, cutting the tendons.

Joseph Rankin a teamster had some wounds of his hand dressed by Steward Tobin.

Annie Hall a domestic employed at Sixth street and Broadway while cleaning windows fell out and broke both arms.

Lyle Cohn, a schoolboy living at 668 Ninth street had powder burns on his face received while playing with a toy cannon. The burns were dressed by Steward Tobin.

S. R. Nichols, a nailer living at 475 Twenty-fourth street, was treated by Steward Tobin for a lacerated hand.

Lizzie Rose, a waitress, got a fish bone stuck in her throat. It was removed by Drs. Porter and Mitton.

Arthur Waters, a school boy who lives at 363 Seventh street, was trampled upon by a horse whose shoe he was trying to remove.

EDWARD L. NIESEN SKIPPED OUT.

Acted as Treasurer of a Theatrical Company and Fled With Box-Receipts.

Edward L. Neisen, a special constable for the Trestle Glen street car service, acted as treasurer and box office guardian for the Columbian Specialty Company, which is composed of Oakland professionals, at its appearance at Haywards Friday night. When the show was over, it was discovered that Niesen had skipped out with $50 belonging to the box office receipts. A warrant has been taken out in Haywards for his arrest for the non-payment of a license fee, and the members of the company has also caused a warrent to be issued for his arrest for defrauding them. The troupe has returned to Oakland, but Niesen still remains in hiding.

DROWNED WHILE BATHING AT NILES.

Alfred Sartorius Meets Death in the Creek in Sight of His Friends.

Alfred M. Sartorius, a brass finisher from San Francisco, was drowned yesterday while bathing in a creek near where he had been camping at Niles canyon.

With several companies the young man was enjoying a bath when he suddenly throw up his hands and disappeared. The supposition is that he was suddenly taken with a cramp.

Deceased was about 24 years old, and lived with his parents at 1046 Howard street, San Francisco.

Coroner Baldwin left for the scene of the accident early this morning to hold an inquest.

MRS. M. E. ALEXANDER PASSES AWAY.

Mattie E. Alexander, 61 years of age, a native of Vermont and for over twenty-six years a resident of this city, died at her late residence, 468 Prospect avenue, last evening at 9:30 o'clock.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Centennial W. Lux, Virginia City	21
Mattie Abbott, San Jose	16
Thomas David, San Francisco	30
Annie Casey, Oakland	23
Albert H. Elford, Oakland	21
Emily G. Teuscher, Oakland	20
William Thompson, Oakland	65
Emma Hayles, Oakland	50
Robert E. McGlinn, Redwood City	21
Louise G. Cronin, Redwood City	18
Joseph B. Klieger, Oakland	26
Kittie McKeon, Oakland	23
Paul Daniels, Oakland	22
Dorothy E. Nilsson, Oakland	20

Awning Burned Down.

The awning in front of Marvin's hair store on Washington between Fourteenth and Thirteenth streets was set on fire by some small boys who were playing with fire-crackers. The flames shot up the side of the building, but were put out before they did much damage. After the flames had been quenched by means of water buckets, the fire alarm was turned in.

An Over-Turned Buggy.

Police Officer Powers' wife had a narrow escape from a serious accident today. She was turning her buggy across the track at Sixteenth street and Telegraph avenue when the buggy wheel caught and the vehicle overturned. She and her son were thrown to the ground. Mrs. Powers' ankle was sprained.

Fell From a Stepladder.

Saturday afternoon Robert Brown, a gardner living on the corner of Tenth and Webster streets, fell from a step-ladder, sustaining a compound fracture of the hand and wrist. He was decorating at 107 Telegraph avenue when the accident occured. His injuries were treated at the Receiving hospital.

Carved In the Arm.

Mabel Gilligan, 20 years of age, was treated at the Receiving hospital today for an incision of the left forearm, which she claimed had been inflicted by her brother James Gilligan. She says it was a family row over the company she had been keeping.

Report of Public Administrator.

The semi-annual report of Public Administrator William H. Knight shows that between January 1st and June 30th he has administrated nineteen estates, the total value of which is ascertained to be $50,988.84. Money came into his hands, $10,953.98. Necessary expenditures $1215.10. Money now on hand $9743.88.

Wants a Divorce.

Lizzie A. Clark has filed a suit for divorce against James A. Clark on the ground of wilful neglect and habitual intemperance. The couple were married in this city fifteen years ago and have one child.

Turner Bund Convention.

It is announced that the North American Turner Union will hold its eighteenth biennial convention in San Francisco during the present week. About 150 delegates from the interior will arrive today.

Oakland Tribune

PUBLISHED DAILY (Sunday excepted)

—at—

413, 415 and 417 EIGHTH STREET

—by the—

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

WILLIAM E. DARGIE, President.

Delivered by Carrier

AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

OUR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern Office of The Tribune is located at 230 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome. E. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Oakland—"Mulchay's Visit."
Alcazar—"Frederick the Great."
Columbia—"Fort Frayne."
Morosco's—"The Gesseon."
Orpheum—High Class Vaudeville.
Tivoli—"Boccaccio."
California—"Uncle Tom's Cabin."
Baldwin—The Passion Play.

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

July 3—Society Dania of San Francisco and Oakland to 11 P. M.
July 4—S. F. Scottish Thistle Club, fireworks and celebration to 11 P. M.

THE TRIBUNE IN THE COUNTRY.

Patrons of the Tribune going to the country for the summer can have the paper mailed to them without extra expense by notifying the business office, 417 Eighth street, or telephoning main 46.

UNION LABEL — TYPOGRAPHICAL — OAKLAND, NO. 36

MONDAY.....JULY 4, 1898.

Another great victory for Spain. Camara's fleet has reached another telegraph station.

The Spaniards should be thoroughly convinced by this time that the Americans have grown from "pigs" to "hogs."

Two thousand Spaniards perished at the battle at Santiago, but Madrid will probably report them only "slightly wounded."

There is something tempting about a trip by canal. If Camara's ships go down they cannot go far enough to wet the cabin floor.

Note from press telegraph operator: "In that dispatch stating that Don Carlos says he will make Spain a great war power, change war to wind."

That Spanish soldier who aimed at Blanco's heart and shot him in the leg, evidently thought that Blanco's heart had gone down into his boots.

Hobson's case recalls Mark Twain's story about the alkali desert, where a native assured him that all the country lacked was fresh water and good society. Twain goosenecked his forearm and pointing downward suggestively, said: "That is all they lack down there."

NEW REVENUE TAX.

The new revenue tax of 1 cent on each $100 of value on sales of products or merchandise has caused considerable agitation throughout the country among grain and cotton brokers. It is uncertain whether this law is intended to cover grain options. In the opinion of an attorney consulted by the Chicago Board of Trade the tax does not apply on sales of grain for future delivery. The tax is payable only on the selling value of the article sold. The seller must deliver to the buyer a memorandum or other evidence of sale. The question whether the insurance tax affects the gratuity funds of the New York and Chicago stock exchanges and those of other business organizations throughout the country has been answered negatively by a number of legal authorities consulted both here and in New York.

The treasury department has decided that the legacy taxes apply only to estates of persons dying after the law took effect on June 13. Estates probated and settled after that date but belonging to persons who died before June 13 will not be subject to the new taxes.

HOW POLITICS LOOK IN THE SOUTHLAND.

There Will be About Three Hundred Votes in the Alameda Convention.

In a review of the political situation the Los Angeles Herald says: "Henry T. Gage is having a hard time of it with the newspapers all over the State. In this section, where one would expect to find them unanimous in his favor, we are astonished to learn that they are quite unanimous the other way. The Riverside Press has hoisted the name of Mr. Davis of Oakland as its nominee for Governor. The Santa Monica Outlook is so imprudent about the matter that it actually establishes a precedent in newspaperdom by saying straight from the shoulder that it is against Mr. Gage and rubs it in by adding that it does not care who knows it. The Times of this city probably stands alone as the champion of Mr. Gage.

"The Democracy of Orange county in convention endorsed the administration of Governor Budd. Congressman Maguire was named as the choice for Governor and D. M. Baker was recommended as the right man for Lieutenant Governor. The convention also endorsed A. W. Hutton of this city for the Supreme bench. The five delegates to the State convention are: W. H. Spurgeon, J. A. Booty, C. G. Rowan, D. M. Baker and W. M. McFadden, old war horses, every one of them. Colonel Baker has in this delegation wide-awake men to look after the second place on he ticket."

The Seventh Congressional district has only one candidate at this time, and that is Congressman Castle, a Populist. There will be fusion upon the nomination, and no Republican has yet come forward.

Referring to the next Republican County Convention, the Alameda Argus says: "There is as yet nothing definite as to the apportionment, and until the County Committee meets and takes action all statements as to the number of delegates to constitute the convention are based on mere speculation.

"There are a number, however, who believe the apportionment will be one delegate for forty-five and fraction over twenty-three votes cast for McKinley. This would give Alameda forty-two delegates. Whatever the apportionment decided upon, Alameda will, of course, hold first place, as the rule of proportion must necessarily prevail. Figuring on this basis the County convention will be made up of 300 delegates. To be nominated a candidate must receive a majority vote, which would be 151 in this instance.

"The following would be the number of delegates from each ward and township: First ward 19, Second ward with annexed district 39, Third ward 22, Fifth ward 13, Sixth ward 16, Seventh ward, which seeks two county officers, 20; Berkeley, with Bay and Ocean View precincts, 34, Alameda 42, Brooklyn township 13, Eden township 18, Washington township 17, Murray township 14."

EXCELLENT ENTRIES AT THE RACE TRACK.

The programme of trotting and pacing events arranged by the Breeders' Association to come off at the Emeryville track this afternoon, is above the average, and should draw a large crowd, especially as the whole grounds are to be free to ladies.

The following are today's entries:

First race—2:14 class, trotting, one mile, purse $200—P. J. Williams ns. Monterey, P. H. Quinn ns. Eureka, Vendome, San Francisco, ns. Thompson, J. B. Iverson ns. Prince Gift, W. G. Durfee ns. Osito.

Second race—Free for all, trotting, one mile dash, purse $200—George B. Becker ns. Zombro, Vendome, San Francisco, ns. Ethel Downs, C. E. Clark ns. Toggles, Charles L. Griffith, ns. Azote, C. A. Winship ns. Aster.

Third race—2:24 class, trotting, four heats, purse $300—D. E. Knight ns. Lynall, J. Murray Morehead ns. Anna Belle, F. J. Yetter ns. Lou, P. H. Quinn ns. Brice McNeil, John Curley ns. Little Miss, E. Topham ns. Ned Thorne, Charles L. Griffith ns. Rect, R. C. Barton ns. Cameo L.

Fourth race—2:13 class, pacing, one mile dash, purse $200—James Sullivan ns. Fitz Lee, E. Stewart ns. Plunkett, W. B. Warner ns. F. W., James Thompson ns. Little Thorn, P. L. Nash ns. Colonel Benton, John Baker ns. Ketchum.

Fifth race—2:30 class, pacing, one-mile dash, purse $200—James Sullivan ns. Captain Hackett, E. A. Falvey ns. Resort, J. M. Nelson ns. I. Direct, George Johns ns. Patsy D., J O'Kane ns. Peanuts, A. H. Cohen ns. Blackstone, C. A. Owen ns. Harry Ramon, E. A. Gabriel ns. Mark H., George Gray ns. William Harold, James Thompson ns. Primrose, Thomas Smith ns. Gaff Topsail, C. C. Crippen ns. Roderick, J. B. Iverson ns. Dictatress, W. S. Maben ns. Polo.

PATRIOTIC AND GENEROUS CHICAGOANS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 4.—The people of Chicago took a unique and patriotic manner of celebrating Independence Day.

A week ago everything was well advanced for one of the largest pyrotechnic displays in the history of this city. Everything had been arranged on an elaborate scale. Speeches were to have been made by ex-President Benjamin Harrison, United States Senator Mason and numerous other prominent men.

All the preparations came to a sudden stop several days ago when the Army and Navy League sent their missionaries among the people and argued that the money expended for fireworks could be put to better use by donating the money for the support of the families of the soldiers fighting before Santiago.

As a result the treasury of the Army and Navy League has been enriched by some thousands of dollars, and no organized celebration was therefore had in Chicago to-day.

FOUR DEATHS THE RESULT OF DRUNKEN FURY.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SPRINGFIELD, Ky., July 4.—Richard Yelaw, while under the influence of liquor, raised a disturbance at a Sanctificationist meeting in Mercer county and was ejected. He returned with a revolver, which he emptied into the crowd of worshippers with terrible effect. Two men named Atkinson and Hale and a woman named Campbell were killed and another woman was fatally wounded.

THE CELEBRATION WITH BERKELEYANS.

Very elaborate preparations have been made for the Red Cross entertainment, public feast and promenade concert to be held this afternoon and evening in Shattuck Hall, Berkeley. The public is invited to attend the grand concert that is to be given continuously by a military band from 5 to 10 o'clock P. M.

One of the features of the concert will be the rendering of patriotic songs, including "The Star Spangled Banner" by Mrs. Pierce. It was at first proposed to charge an admission fee of 25 cents to this concert for the benefit of the Red Cross fund, but it was finally decided to offer it to the public absolutely free, leaving the society to look to the charge of 25 cents for a complete meal, with lesser prices for lighter refreshments, for its financial results.

Fourth of July Casualties

David Nelson, a school boy, residing at 630 Eighteenth street, was treated at the Receiving hospital today by Dr. Milton for a powder burn of the face and right eye.

George Bolton, living at 562 Lydia street, also had a similar wound.

The Oakland Theater.

Daily's Comedians have scored a decided hit and are delighting large audiences at the Oakland Theater with "Mulcahy's Visit." Its success will insure its continuance for the balance of the week.

HOW CERVERA'S SQUADRON WAS ANNIHILATED.

The Spaniards Fought Fiercely But American Coolness and Skill Triumphed Easily.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The New York Herald has received from its correspondents at Santiago the following details of the destruction of Admiral Cavera's fleet:

Three of the Spanish cruisers that were bottled up in Santiago harbor and two torpedo boat destroyers were pounded into helpless hulks by the guns of Admiral Sampson's fleet on Sunday in a vain attempt to escape from the harbor. The vessels were beached in a last effort to save as many lives of the crews as possible.

Admiral Cervera, on board the Cristobal Colon, headed his fleet in an attempt to get away at about half-past nine o'clock. So little were the Americans expecting the dash that the flagship New York was cruising up the coast to the east, and returned only in time to see the finish of the fight and to fire a shot or two at the torpedo boat destroyers.

The Iowa, Indiana, Oregon, Massachussetts, Texas, Brooklyn and the converted yacht Gloucester, formerly the Corsair, formed in position to give battle as soon as the Colon was sighted rounded the wreck of the Merrimac.

The American vessels did not open fire at once; they waited until Cervera's ships were out of the range of Morro's guns before giving battle. Cervera headed to the west, the Colon in the lead, followed by the Vizcaya and Oquendo, and the destroyers all firing rapidly.

AMERICANS' AWFUL FIRE.

All of the American battleships opened fire at once, and the Spanish were soon in a hurricane of shot and shell, but the Colon kept on bravely till, when about ten miles to the westward of Morro Castle, Admiral Cervera turned his vessel to the shore and beached her. She was blazing in a score of places, but her guns kept at work and the white flag never showed until she was completely disabled.

The Oquendo and Vizcaya were opposed to the Iowa, Texas and Indiana, and went to defeat with fearful swiftness, covering only about half the distance made by the Colon before their captains ran them ashore. Their crews fought with desperate bravery, but their courage was no match for the courage of our men, added to their superior gunnery. The Spanish shells went wild for the most part. Two cruisers, both on fire, were beached not more than a mile apart.

DRAMATIC DUEL.

The most dramatic feature of the battle was the contest between the torpedo boat destroyers and the Gloucester. The latter was struck several times, and is the only American vessel reported damaged. At first the Gloucester fired upon them with her six-pounders, but they ran past her and engaged the battleships. Finding the fire too hot, they turned and attacked the Gloucester again, until both were afire and had to be beached. Their crews threw themselves into the water to save their lives. Just before this the New York came up and assisted in giving the finishing blow to the destroyers.

There was explosion after explosion from the beached vessels.

It was at first reported that Admiral Cervera was dead, but this was afterward denied.

SANTIAGO WILL NOT SURRENDER

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Following is the correspondence of General Shafter, demanding the surrender of Santiago:

"Playa del Este, July 4, 1898.—Hon. R. A. Alger, Secretary of War, Washington:

"Headquarters Fifth Army Corps, July 3.—The following is my demand for the surrender of the city of Santiago: Headquarters U. S. forces near San Juan river, Cuba, July 3, 1898, 8:30 A. M. To the Commanding General of the Spanish forces, Santiago de Cuba, Sir: I shall be obliged unless you surrender, to shell Santiago de Cuba. Please inform the citizens of foreign countries and all women and children that they should leave the city before 1 o'clock to-morrow morning. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

"W. R. SHAFTER,
"Major General, U. S. A."

SPANISH REPLY.

Following is the Spanish reply which Col. Dorst has just returned at 6:30 P. M.:

"Santiago de Cuba, 2 P. M., July 3, 1898.—His excellency, the General commanding the forces of the United States, San Juan river, Sir:

"I have the honor to reply to your communication of to-day, written at 8:30 A. M., and received at 1 P. M., demanding the surrender of this city and in the contrary case announcing to me that you will bombard this city, and that I advise the foreign women and children that they must leave the city before 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. It is my duty to say to you that this city will not surrender and that I will inform the foreign Consuls and inhabitants of the contents of your message. Very respectfully,

"JOSE TORAL,
"Commander in Chief, Forth Corps."

"The British, Portuguese, Chinese and Norwegian Consuls have come to my line with Colonel Dorst. They ask if non-combatants can occupy the town of Caney and railroad points and ask until 10 o'clock of 5th instant before the city is fired on. They claim that there are between fifteen and twenty thousand people, many of them old, who will leave. They ask if I can supply them with food, which I cannot do for want of transportation to Caney, which is fifteen miles from my landing.

"The following is my reply:

"'The Commanding General, Spanish forces, Santiago de Cuba, Sir: In consideration of the request of the Consuls and officers in your city for delay in carrying out my intention to fire upon the city, and in the interest of poor women and children, who will suffer very greatly by their hasty and enforced departure from the city, I have the honor to announce that I will delay such action solely in their interest until noon of the 5th, providing during the interval your forces make no demonstration whatever upon those of my own.

"I am with great respect, your obedient servant,

"W. R. SHAFTER,
"Major General, U. S. A."

(Signed) "SHAFTER,
"Major General Commanding."

ACCIDENTS OF THE FOURTH.

As the parade was passing Fourteenth street and Broadway a horse attached to a two-seated buggy, occupied by a lady with two children whose name could not be learned, turned suddenly, smashing the rig and throwing the occupants to the pavement. Fortunately all escaped uninjured.

The mother of Police Captain Carson, while standing in front of the Central Bank building, was seriously injured by a "nigger-chaser," which set fire to her clothes. It was necessary to tear her dress nearly to pieces to extinguish the flames. Her left side was badly burned. A carriage was called and the lady removed to her home.

Died at Fabiola.

Edward R. Drew, a native of San Francisco, 21 years of age, the son of Simon Drew, died at Fabiola Hospital last evening.

CAPTURE OF A SPANISH FLAG IN OAKLAND.

The warehouse of George W. Arper, near the Webster street bridge, was this morning the scene of the capture of the first Spanish flag taken in Oakland.

Some time ago an American flag was stolen from the flagstaff on Mr. Arper's building and a new one was put up recently.

This morning several young men, members of the boat club, discovered that a Spanish flag had been substituted for the stars and stripes.

Without waiting for orders these brave young men charged upon the places and captured the hated emblem of the Dons, which the they presented to Mr. Arper later. It will tonight be shot to pieces on the top of Morro Castle.

BRITISH ARE CELEBRATING OUR VICTORY.

All England is Ringing With Cheers For America.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, July 4.—The fraternal sentiment evidenced here during the last few months finds vent today throughout the United Kingdom in an unprecedented display of the Stars and Stripes in honor of the Fourth of July and hearty expressions of good will everywhere. The afternoon newspapers are unanimous in applauding the splendid courage of the Americans before Santiago de Cuba and in congratulating the United States upon the signal successes of its arms both in the East and in the West.

SPAIN URGED TO SUE FOR PEACE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PARIS, July 4.—The Temps this afternoon says:

"The capture of Santiago de Cuba is an irreparable blow for the Spaniards."

The paper concludes its article by saying:

"Spain has not an hour to lose to negotiate for peace."

SAN LORENZO.

The people were shocked on Wednesday evening on reading the account of the frightful death of Mrs. Geo. Groom of Danville. Mr. Groom formerly worked at H. Smyth's shop here and has many friends here. The death of his wife, by fire was a most sad affair, and our people have the greatest sympathy for him in his sad affliction.

Wm. Maeguire of this place was suddenly stricken with paralysis Wednesday night at 9 o'clock. He was reading a paper and was noticed to fall forward. He was caught before striking the floor and placed on his bed. Dr. Dean was summoned and found that Maeguire had received a paralytic stroke on the right side of the body. All was done that could have been done for him but he is not yet out of danger.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. King of San Francisco spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Berry.

John Tosa, an old resident of this place died at San Francisco Monday. The deceased was buried in the Catholic cemetery at Haywards on Wednesday.

At noon on Wednesday last Andrew Hansen breathed his last. His death was not unexpected, and it came after a long siege of sickness. Hansen showed wonderful vitality during his last sickness, having survived more surgical operations that were necessary, than most men could and his constitutional qualities were pronounced remarkable by his physician. Hansen was one of our old-timers who, one by one, are dropping off. He came here in the early sixties and has ever since resided here. He has been proprietor of the San Lorenzo Hotel for many long years, and through his able management he made it famous as a summer family resort. Since the death of his wife he has not been the same man that he was before and not long after that sad event he gradually declined until death, at last, relieved him of his sufferings. He leaves two daughters, Misses Annie and Metta Hansen. The funeral took place last Saturday afternoon at 2 P. M., under the auspices of Eden Lodge, A. O. U. W., of which the deceased was a charter member, and the remains were laid to rest in the family plot at San Lorenzo Cemetery.

MT. EDEN.

(From the Haywards Journal.)

It was rumored that Prof. Lee, principal of the Mt. Eden public school, would join his company at San Jose and go into camp at Camp Barrett. However it is understood he will continue his duties as principal of the school next term.

H. Hesse's threshing machine opened the season Thursday.

Station Agent Hook's three-year-old son was taken to the Children's Hospital in San Francisco to have an operation performed which was very successful and the little fellow is advancing toward recovery.

E. H. Clawiter shipped the first new hay Wednesday via steamer Mt. Eden.

Another brave Mt. Eden boy has answered the call of his country—Nicholas Madsen, who enlisted this week.

The family of Mr. Kennedy, the dairyman, has located in his home near Russells.

Misses Elsie Oliver and Lillie Bertram, attending the State Normal School, are home on a vacation.

OAKLAND PAYS TRIBUTE TO THE NATION'S GLORY

Oratory and Song With a Grand Street Parade and Sham Battle in Honor of the Day of Independence.

There was a martial air in the celebration of the national holiday today which was never noticed there before and which will cause the occasion to live long in the memory of both those who witnessed it and those who took part in it. As a consequence, there was more exuberance in the display of patriotic impulses, the national airs were rendered with greater depth of feeling, the features of the great procession were cheered with greater heartiness and the young men in blue bore themselves as if there were something more of honor in being soldiers of Uncle Sam than in being simply guardsmen of the State of California.

The effusiveness was occasioned by the fact that the troops of the country, both by land and sea, had dealt a death blow to the enemy at Santiago, and there seemed to be a hope that the war which was inaugurated in behalf of liberty and humanity, would be brought to a speedy and glorious close.

In the procession were companies F and G, the first mentioned being from this city, while G Company was from Alameda. A Company acted as escort to the First Regiment of Montana Volunteers. There were twelve companies of the regiment, each having its full quota of men, all under command of Colonel Kessler.

The procession also included the Veteran Reserves, the local posts of the G. A. R., public officials of city and county, Alameda County Camps Woodmen of the World, local lodges A. O. U. W., Salvation Army, Modern Trojans, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, Druids, Portuguese Union, Hermann Sons, Turn Verein, Foresters of America, the Exempt Firemens' Association, the Fire Department and Mounted men from Piedmont and Fruitvale.

The procession was dismissed at Twenty-fourth and Broadway.

SOLDIERS ARE FED ON ADAM'S POINT.

It was 11:45 o'clock when the marching troops appeared at the prospective battle ground for the guard mount. Great crowds had already anticipated them and the hills were fairly shadowed by the moving masses. As the boys in blue filed across the field to their positions, great waves of cheers followed them, evincing the pitch of excitement and enthusiasm to which the eager spectators had reached. Scarcely was the place of battle reached before a cloud of smoke suddenly puffed up, and in a moment the whole field was ablaze. Quickly three hundred soldiers were ordered to fight the flames, and after thirty minutes of brush-wielders they had the fire subdued.

While these boys were employed in active battle, the other troops formed in grand mount upon the side hill.

At 12:30 o'clock the shrill bugle clarioned forth the dinner call. From all over the hills companies collected, and on the double quick responded to its invitation.

The scene at this part of the exercise was typical of a huge military picnic. Nicely shaded among the big oaks on the Oakland Golf links were four long tables arranged in two parallel right angles. Around these a thousand men gathered at a time, and it required four separate services to feed the entire crowd. The ringing cheers and novel yells of the boys as they joked and talked around the tables, reverberated through the trees and amused the ten thousand passers-by who strolled along out of sheer curiosity to witness a soldier's meal.

The officers were received in the rooms of the Golf Club around tables especially prepared for them. This, too, was a jolly center of activity. Here it was that the war bulletins were announced, and when the news of the signal victory at Santiago was read, the walls fairly warped to contain the wild outbursts from the elated officers. Then the news spread rapidly across the camp, and its course could well be traced by the thousands of exultant shouts rising here and there wherever bands of soldiers were collected.

By 1:30 o'clock the dinner was over. Popping of bottles announced the final course, and soon the call to arms sounded. The boys lined up, and with many cheers for Oakland, her enterprising citizens and the church ladies who volunteered the lunch, they plodded off to participate in the pending battle. Colonel Kessler stated that the boys had never dreamed of such a royal reception as Oakland has tendered them, and they already have a warm place in their memories for this glorious celebration.

THOUSANDS SEE THE GREAT SHAM BATTLE.

The sham battle, which was scheduled to commence at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon at Adams Point, did not open up until 2:30 o'clock. It continued thence for nearly three-quarters of an hour, by which time 30,000 rounds of ammunition were consumed.

It was witnessed by 35,000 people.

The battle was fought by the First regiment of Montana volunteers.

The regiment was divided into two battalions, the first battalion comprising Companies C, H, L, K, D, M and G, being under the command of Colonel Wallace. The second battalion comprising companies A, B, E, F and I, were under the command of Major Miller.

The first battalion disappeared from the hill, down into the draw and thence advanced to the northerly extremity of the tract, at intervals proceeding at double time, many of the men having divested themselves of their coats.

The second battalion crowned the crest of a gentle acclivity a short distance from the west shore of Lake Merritt.

The whereabouts of the first battalion for a time were unknown. The plan of battle was to surprise the command of Major Miller and force it to surrender.

Major Miller finally found his men in line of battle and pickets were sent out to the brow of the hill immediately beyond his position. For a time they were unmolested. Finally, however, the pickets of the opposing side were seen cautiously on the brow of an opposing eminence. Then the rifles began to crack and the fire increased in intensity, when at length Major Miller sent out an additional number of skirmishers.

An increased force soon became visible on the part of the enemy. Miller's line was driven back. Reinforcements were pushed forward, only to be forced back by the main body, because the Wallace brigade appeared in a line which was numerically greater than that of its opponents. The firing extended from end to end of the opposing lines, and the rattle of the musketry and the smoke from the explosions impressed both eye and ear with the realistic features of a hot engagement. Wallace's advance was checked for a time and his line disarranged, but he reformed it and steadily pressed Miller's men backward and at the close sent in an enfilading fire which was tremendous and won the day.

The battle was well conceived and fought in a manner which did credit to the troops and gave pleasure to the spectators, fully 65,000 of whom were in attendance.

THE AFTERNOON AND EVENING EXERCISES.

This afternoon a literary and musical programme in honor of the day is being carried out in the Macdonough Theater. Every seat in the auditorium is occupied and the enthusiasm which characterized the people along the line of the procession this morning prevails. The programme includes, among other features, speeches by Captain Barnes, District Attorney of San Francisco, and Captain Whitthorne, one of the soldiers from the South, who is a distinguished orator.

MORRO'S DOWNFALL.

This evening there will be fireworks on Lake Merritt, one of the features of which will be a realistic representation of the bombardment of Morro Castle.

REJOICING IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4.—To-day's celebration was a double one.

The great victories at Santiago, by land and sea, made patriotism and enthusiasm very intense, such as never has been seen in the history of the city. The news crowning the triumph of the Americans was on the lips of everybody, and the celebration was really commenced with the news of last night, which gathered force as the hours progressed until this morning the city was simply wild with joy. The citizens were almost hysterical with delight, and the great crowds which gathered around the newspapers bulletin boards could hardly wait for additional news from the seat of war.

The parade of citizens and soldiery was the greatest in the history of the city, and the grandeur of the victory attracted people from all parts of California, many excursions being run from the interior points for the benefit of the country residents.

Over 15,000 men participated in the parade, including thousands of troops from the forces gathered at Camp Merritt and from the Presidio. The volunteers and regulars attracted particular attention from thousands of people along the line of march. They were cheered to the echo as they marched along, and it was the realization that these were the men who were fighting for the Nation that moved the people to the greatest enthusiasm that has been felt in this city since the commencement of hostilities.

All the military and civic celebrities known in this city participated, and the procession was reviewed by General Merriam as it countermarched on Van Ness avenue.

Fourth of July Fire

The two cottages on Twenty-second and Telegraph avenue, owned by Mrs. Simpson, were set on fire this afternoon by fireworks. Both were badly damaged before the fire department was called out and extinguished the flames.

RECRUITS ENTER WITH ZEAL UPON CAMP DRUDGERY

Busy Day at Camp Barrett—More Troops Examined—Preparations For a Sunday Dinner.

It was another hot and busy day at Camp Barrett. Colonel Park Henshaw called for drill practice bright and early and after breakfast the entire camp was turned out for work with the exception of the guards. The awkward squads and raw recruits were into corporals commands and had a lively morning of it hustling up and down the dusty parade ground. It was warm work and there was little time for rest. The men, however, acquitted themselves with credit. The officers of the camp are surprised at the alacrity the raw recruits are showing in acquiring the rudiments of camp and field tactics. Men who have never had a gun in their hands before, after an hour's practice, had undergone a transformation.

A "recruity" from Woodland tappared on the field yesterday with his belt upside down. Adjutant Smith reprimanded his carelessness, and the fellow was in tears over his offence. "I never knew how to wear a belt sir" he said in mitigation of himself.

"Well see that you yearn" was the reply.

This morning the recruit was the neatest man on parade.

The camp is full of instances of this kind. Every volunteer seems to be zealous to excel his neighborhood in his application and aptitude for practice drill.

Company C of Petaluma varied the monotony by going to the parade ground with their rifles over their shoulders. Captain Barnes was anxious that his "boys" should attract all the attention possible, so they performed their evolutions under arms. The men acquitted themselves admirably. Captain Barnes declares he is delighted with camp life. He declares that he has already lost five pounds avoirdupois, and an inch from his girth. If this continues he expects to become a welter weight within a month.

Dr. Frank T. Fitzgibbon of the San Francisco Receiving Hospital, has been detailed by Adjutant-General Barrett to assist Major Shields in the work of examining the physical condition of the recruits. Dr. Fitzgibbon, who is a regimental surgeon in the National Guard, with the rank of captain, arrived in the Camp this morning and was detailed to make the first inspection. All the tents were carefully examined. The general sanitary condition of the lines was pronounced excellent, although it is possible that if the hot weather continues there may be an increase in the sleeping accommodations of the tents.

Companies F of Oakland and G of Alameda are being inspected by the regimental surgeon this afternoon. The Colusa troops were passed at noon with seven rejection out of 104 men. Captain Ford will recruit from the "extras" of the other companies. The rejections in Company L of Marysville were: Privates E. H. Carner, C. F. Fleck, Harold Hinman, E. M. Striker, D. P. O'Neil, T. J. Moss, F. Ward, Henry Emery, C. E. Folsom, E. H. W. Beal, and Corporal H. C. Schuler.

The Marysville Company also lacks a second lieutenant, caused by the resignation of Lieutenant Driver. Governor Budd is expected to fill it on Tuesday next. First Lieutenant De Lay is the city editor of the Marysville Appeal.

Company F of Oakland feels that the local Red Cross Society has been very sparing in it favors to the local boys. According to the talk at the company headquarters the men declare that not a single lady from the Society has been visible in the company quarters since it pitched its tents. For the ladies of the American Aid, the troops have the loudest words of praise. They declare that th's society has treated them royally, attending to all their little wants with an almost maernal solicitude. Last night the Aid members to the number of fifty held a reception on F's lines and the camp was kept open a half an hour beyond the usual time in their honor. They left behind them well-filled lunch baskets and were given a hearty cheer by the whole camp as the passed out of the picket lines.

Major Whitton of San Jose donned his uniform for the first time this morning and assumed the duties of his new office.

Captain Elliott of Company D of San Rafael is the officer of the day today.

Sergeant Goldberg of Company H of Redding sports a "soldier button" that is much in demand among the gir's who visit the camp. It is a four carat affair and is an electric light substitute for H's lines.

FEAST OR FAMINE AT CAMP BARRETT.

Great preparations are being made in the various company messes for a big dinner to-morrow. Chef Bush of Company F of Oakland promises Captain Wenk's men a regulation French dinner with the exception of wine, of course. Bush has been overhauling his larder all day, and made out a list of his wants for Sergeant Quartermaster Kirkham this morning, who in turn advised the members of the command to make requisitions on their friends without a moment's delay. This afternoon many packages and bundles of dainties are arriving at the company mess headquarters and the indications for a big feast are very auspicious.

Company E will also have a camp banquet, thanks to the efforts of the Red Cross Society of Santa Rosa. Captain Havens and his men arrived in camp with only one days' rations, expecting that Uncle Same would do the rest. When he learned that Comissary Paterson refused to issue rations until the companies were mustered, there was a famine signal hung out at headquarters. Captain Havens had confidence in the Sonoma county people would not see its soldiers perish for want of sustenance in their first campaign, and an appeal was made to Editor A. B. Lemmon of the Santa Rosa Republican. Editor Lemmon flared up the condition of affairs in the blackest type, with the result that the citizens of Santa Rosa at once pledged themselves to donate $1,000 to their boys. Of this sum a draft for $380 was received this morning and the joy of Company E knew no bounds. About the same time Lieutenant Paterson informed Captain Havens that he might draw five days' rations, so all danger of starvation has been averted.

Company G of Alameda is also preparing for a festal spread, through the efforts of the Alameda Red Cross Society and the business men generally. Supervisor Roeth sent Captain Smith this morning a half carload of pretzels which now are festooned in wreaths about the mess tent. The G troops hope to have them for breakfast tomorrow morning and a special guard has been detailed to prevent a foraging party from some other company making away with the treasure.

SOME CAPTAIN'S HEAD MAY FALL.

The presence of George Baldwin, the drill sergeant of the San Francisco police force, about Colonel Henshaw's headquarters for the past two days has excited much comment in camp. Baldwin is supposed to carry a Captain's commission in his pocket, thanks to the efforts of Sam Leake of the "Call," and the boys are wondering just who will be the victim. His appearance has set the tongue of mutiny going in some quarters. The privates of many of the companies declare they will not take the muster oath at all if the personnel of their officers is to be interfered with. Along the lines of Company G to-day tongues wagged long and loud in this tone. But just where Baldwin's place is going to be is still a matter of conjecture, but his appointment if made is sure to carry with it a number of serious complications.

PANTHER WILL GO TO SPAIN.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 2.—As soon as the Panther, which is now at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, receives her armament, it is expected she will join the new flying squadron, which is being formed to harass the Spanish coast. The Panther will carry a complement of 284 sailors and marines. The battery will consist of six five-inch and four rapid-fire guns.

It was from the Panther that the first body of troops, consisting of 600 marines, was landed at Guantanamo.

RED CROSS CALL FOR MORE FOOD.

One Thousand Troops Expected to Arrive Early Monday Morning.

The hospitality committee of the Red Cross Society has issued an appeal for lunches which should be sent to the San Francisco station house tomorrow. One thousand more troops are expected early Monday morning by the first boat over, and it is intended to supply them with breakfast. All supplies should be sent to Mrs. Requa.

Revenue Collector Coming.

Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Frank A. Fletcher will be at W. M. Watson's store at 1005-8 Washington street, July 5th, 6th and 7th to collect the revenue tax of the new year. He will be supplied with all the new internal revenue stamps necessary.

The Oakland Loan Office.

Loans money on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols and articles of every description. Sells all kinds of musical instruments at cost. Pays the highest price for old gold and silver. Now at 966 Washington street, bet. Ninth and Tenth streets.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New and Second-Hand Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought or exchanged. Auction sales on premises. Call and see us. 462-464 Thirteenth street.

We are still selling Clay, Imported Worsted in

BLACK, BLUE and STEEL GRAY Shades

—FOR—

$15.50

Perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

J. COHN & Co.

Tailors and Hatters,

958-60 WASHINGTON STREET, Between 9th and 10th sts.

SOMETHING ABOUT EVERYTHING.

The botanist who can invent a blue carnation to mix with those that are red and white will make a great hit. A woman florist in Kansas City paints white carnations blue, and makes patriotic nosegays, but the color spoils the odor of the flower and gives the snap away.

Mrs. Day, wife of the Secretary of State, is the only surviving member of her family. Since she has become a woman she has lost her mother, her father, a sister and a brother. She was the eldest of three children and she inherited the fine old homestead in Canton where she was born and raised.

There is a story current in Washington on a charming girl whose partner said to her as, in waltzing, they just missed a statue of the Venus of Milo: "We mustn't dance too near that or somebody will accuse us of breaking it." The girl turned her lovely eyes on the statue, "Why," said she, "somebody's broken it already."

When, after a few months in Washington, a new Senator decided to take little run home, "just to see the folks," he went back minus about twenty pounds of flesh. "Why, Senator," said one ardent constituent, "you have been losing flesh. What can have happened? Did you lose it from riding the bicycle?" "No, hang it," replied the Senator, "it was dodgin' 'em that did it."

Rudyard Kipling's new poem on the torpedo contains two lines that will seem peculiarly fitting to Mr. Kipling's American constituency, in view of the recent catastrophe in Havana harbor. It is hardly probable, however, that the poet even intended to pun when he wrote:

The doom-bolt in the darkness freed—
The mine that splits the main.

An "Old Settler" writing of revivals in Western Missouri before the war, says: All the forces in the field pushed the fight with equal zeal and courage. Great revivals—for spite perhaps, were brought about all over Western Missouri. The Reformers (Campbellites) had the advantage of the proverbial new broom, and the orthodox kept up a constant clatter of the old bell that had called their forefathers to prayers. Numbers were the stake, the doors of initiation were loosely guarded and discipline neglected. These were the days of Redman and Marvin—Methodists; Patton, Clark and Insk'p—Presbyterians; Lord and Paine—Reformers, Williams and James—Baptists. I knew them and worshiped with all of them in the days of the sad long ago, and often dandled unfortunate Frank James on my knee while his father preached.

DIED

O'BRENNAN—In Gallup, New Mexico, July 1, 1898, John D., beloved husband of Mary A. O'Brennan (formerly of Oakland, Cal.), and father of Helen and Mabel O'Brennan, a native of Ireland.

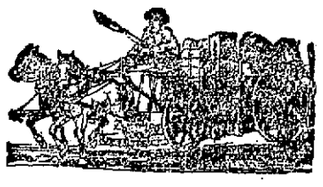
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral MONDAY, July 4th, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., from the residence of P. Maloney, 1620 Lincoln street, thence to St. Patrick's Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul, commencing at 10 o'clock.

Members of Oakland Lodge, No. 2, A. O. U. W., are invited to attend.

W. H. PARRISH

Successor to Tate & Parrish.

Truck and Expressman



STAND AN OFFICE

BROADWAY, - OAKLAND

I am prepared to move Heavy Granite, all kinds of Merchandise, and make a specialty of moving Safes.

All orders promptly attended to at lowest rates. Telephone 264.

RESIDENCE.....1535 WEBSTER ST.

What's the Difference?

We'll tell you. It's a difference in work not in price. Our work is first-class always, and we charge the same as your unsatisfactory laundry.

THE OAKLAND LAUNDRY,

690 Twenty-Ninth St.

Tel. Main 816.

GERMEA

FOR BREAKFAST.

You use extracts? Then watch this space for a few days and read our talks.

MERRIMAN MAN'FG CO.
OAKLAND

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

FREDERICK C. SIEBE, Plaintiff, vs. PAUL TISCHER ET AL., Defendants. No. 13,702.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein Frederick C. Siebe, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Paul Tischer, Fannie Tischer sometimes called Fanny Tischer, Julius L. Wellbye, Thomas Ward and F. F. Leverrich, and Leopold Palmtag and C. W. Heyer individually and as partners under the firm name of Palmtag and Heyer, defendants, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1898, for the sum of six thousand three hundred and twenty-four and 02-100 dollars, besides interest, costs and counsel fees, and wherein the defendants and cross-complainants Leopold Palmtag & C. W. Heyer, individually and as co-partners under the firm name of Palmtag and Heyer, were awarded a judgment for the sum of five hundred and eighty-eight and 32-100 dollars, besides interest and costs, which said judgment and decree was, on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book 34 of said Court, at page 340, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Murray, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of a lot of land conveyed to Jeremiah Bennett, by deed recorded in the office of the County Recorder of said Alameda county in Liber 242 of Deeds, page 139; and running thence along the west boundary line of the land so conveyed north fourteen degrees thirty-five minutes east one hundred and fifty (150) feet to a lot of land heretofore conveyed to Mark Ager; thence along the south boundary of said land north seventy-five degrees twenty-five minutes west one hundred and twenty feet; thence along the west boundary line of the land so conveyed to Ager north twenty-three degrees twenty-five minutes west one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet to the south line of the lands of the Central Pacific Railroad Company; thence along the south line of said lands south sixty-three degrees fifty-seven minutes west sixty-six (66) feet; thence continuing along the south line of said lands south sixty-six degrees thirty-four minutes west one hundred (100) feet; thence south twenty-seven degrees eight minutes east two hundred and four (204) feet; and thence south seventy-five degrees twenty-five minutes east one hundred and ninety-five and 7-10 feet (195.7 ft.) to the point of commencement.

Containing 1.155 acres of land, and being a portion of the southwest quarter of section eight (8) township four (4) south of range one (1) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian.

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1898.

At 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for lawful money of the United States.

Oakland, June 17, 1898.

W. S. HARLOW,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.
NAPHTALY, FREIDENRICH & ACKERMAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

WILLIAM G. HENSHAW and WILLIAM J. DINGEE, Plaintiffs, vs. CHARLES MITCHELL ET AL., Defendants. No. 14,165. Dept. 1.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein William G. Henshaw and William J. Dingee, the above named plaintiffs, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Charles Mitchell et al., defendants, on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1898, for the sum of four hundred and thirty dollars ($430), in United States gold coin, together with interest, costs and attorney fees, aggregating with said principal the sum of seven hundred and fifty-nine and 30-100 dollars ($759.30); which said judgment and decree were, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book No. 34 of said Court, at page 367, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in township of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the easterly line of West street, distant thereon one hundred and one and 48-100 (101.48) feet northerly from the northerly line of Thirty-sixth or Logan street, and running thence northerly along said line of West street twenty-five (25) feet; thence at right angles easterly one hundred and nine and 38-100 (109.38) feet; thence at right angles southerly twenty-five (25) feet, and thence at right angles westerly one hundred and nine and 38-100 (109.38) feet to the point of commencement. Being lot number five (5) in block "A" as the same are delineated and so designated on a certain map entitled "Map of the Major Given Tract," Oakland Township, Alameda County, Cal.," filed June 11, 1888, in Book 10 of Maps, page 26, in the County Recorder's office of said Alameda county. Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1898,

At 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Oakland, Cal., June 29, 1898.

J. B. LANKTREE,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.
METCALF & METCALF, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 969 Broadway, Oakland, rooms 44-46.

Dr. LUM WEH Chinese Physician

Guarantees the cure of the most obstinate COUGHS and of CONSUMPTION.

Prices Reasonable and a Cure Guaranteed.

367 Ninth St. - - Oakland

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

DANIEL HART, Plaintiff, vs. JAMES V. POWERS, ET AL., Defendants. No. 15,001. Dept. 2.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 25th day of June, 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein Daniel Hart, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against James V. Powers, Ellen A. Powers (his wife) and William Heafey, defendants, on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1898, for the sum of sixteen hundred dollars ($1,600), in United States gold coin, together with interest, costs and attorney fees, aggregating with said principal the sum of two thousand five hundred and one and 85-100 dollars ($2,501.85); which said judgment and decree were on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book No. 34 of said Court, at page 357, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the northerly line of Atlantic street with the westerly line of Willow street and running thence northerly along said westerly line of Willow street fifty (50) feet and seven (7) inches, thence at right angles westerly seventy-five (75) feet, thence at right angles southerly fifty (50) feet and seven (7) inches to the northerly line of Atlantic street, and thence easterly along the northerly line of Atlantic street seventy-five (75) feet to the point of commencement, being lots numbers 25 and 26 in block No. 502 as shown and delineated on the map entitled "Map of the Gibbons Property at Oakland Point," which map is recorded in Liber 1 of Maps, pages 30 and 31, of the records of said Alameda county in the County Recorder's office of said county of Alameda."

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1898,

At 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Oakland, Cal., June 29, 1898.

J. B. LANKTREE,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.
B. McFADDEN, Attorney for Plaintiff.

REFRIGERATORS

are as many and varied in kind as the sands of the sea.

In one summer one of our New Refrigerators saves the cost in food it saves from spoiling. Upon its capacious shelves there is room for everything you need to have kept cool.

The Ice Chest is designed to be an economizer of ice.

Prices as low as the lowest.

—AT—

WALTER MEESE

1009-1011 Washington St.

Between 10th and 11th

The Black Hawk Stomach and Liver Bitters

Is a purely vegetable compound used by the Indians for a century. Manufactured by the

Black Hawk Remedy Co.

EAST OAKLAND.

JOHN D. TAYLOR, - Agent for S.F.

153 New Montgomery.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

—OF THE—

Central Bank,

Oakland Cal.

At Close of Business, July 1, 1898

ASSETS.

1. Loans secured by first mortgage on real estate in this State, bonds, stocks, warrants, and on approved personal security	$1,299,583 03
2. Bonds	9,607 50
3. Bank premises (being actual cost of the lot and building on the N. E. corner of Broadway and Fourteenth streets, Oakland)	261,051 28
4. Cash on hand and balances with New York, Chicago and San Francisco banks	196,091 53
5. Office furniture and fixtures	8,659 06
Total	$1,774,972 40

LIABILITIES.

1. To depositors	$1,374,364 51
2. To stockholders—	
(a) Capital stock paid in	300,000 00
(b) Undivided profits	89,090 25
3. Letters of credit	11,527 70
Total	$1,774,972 46

CENTRAL BANK.
By W. G. PALMANTEER, Vice President.
And by C. R. YATES, Cashier.

State of California, City of Oakland, County of Alameda. } ss.

W. G. Palmanteer and C. R. Yates being each separately duly sworn, each for himself says: That the said W. G. Palmanteer is Vice President and the said C. R. Yates is Cashier of the Central Bank, the corporation above mentioned, and that the foregoing statement is true.

W. G. PALMANTEER.
C. R. YATES.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of June, A. D. 1898.

F. W. BILGER,
Notary Public in and for said Alameda County.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1867

952 BROADWAY

East Side - Bet. 9th and 10th Sts.

WM. WILSON

Jeweler . . .
Watchmaker
Optician . .

30 YEARS IN OAKLAND HERE YET

Notice of Time Set for Hearing Petition.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the application of the "Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland" for permission to mortgage real estate.

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. F. B. Ogden, Judge of the Superior Court of the said county of Alameda, notice is hereby given to any and all persons interested in the real property of the said "The Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland," a religious corporation, to show cause, if any they have, on Monday, the 11th day of July, 1898, at the Courtroom of said Court, Department No. One thereof, at the County Court House in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, or as soon thereafter as said application can be heard, why the said "The Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland," said religious corporation, should not be authorized by order of this Court to mortgage all that certain lot or piece of land of said religious corporation situated and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northern line of 34th street 32 feet easterly from the easterly line of Adeline street and measured on said line of 34th street, and running thence along said line of 34th street in an easterly direction 40 feet to the southeast corner of lot number 1 in block number 682 as delineated and so designated upon a certain plat entitled "Map No. 2 of Watts Tract, Oakland," filed November 17th, 1876, in the office of the County Recorder of Alameda county; thence in a northerly direction parallel with said easterly line of Adeline street a distance of one hundred feet; thence in a westerly direction parallel with said Adeline street a distance of one hundred feet to the place of beginning, and being a portion of aforesaid lot number 1; and authorizing the President and Secretary of said "The Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland," said religious corporation, to make, execute and deliver for and in the name of "The Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland," said religious corporation, its promissory note and mortgage with the usual covenants upon said real property hereinbefore described.

Witness my hand and the seal of the said Superior Court this 2d day of July 1898.

(Seal) FRANK C. JORDAN, County Clerk.
By J. P. COOK, Deputy Clerk.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

—OF THE—

UNION SAVINGS BANK

OF OAKLAND CAL.

At Close of Business, June 30, 1898.

ASSETS.

1. Loans secured by first mortgages on real estate in this State, bonds, stocks, warrants and on approved personal security		$2,606,465 00
2. Bonds of the United States		142,250 00
3. Bonds of various counties of this State and registered warrants of the city of Oakland		60,855.00
4. Bank premises and real estate taken for debt		228,249 96
5. Cash on hand—		
In vault	$142,945 72	
Due from banks in San Francisco	157,288 34	
Due from banks in New York	102,253 37	
		402,587 43
6. Office furniture and fixtures		2,000 00
Total		$3,422,407 18

LIABILITIES.

1. To depositors	$2,993,612 52
2. Capital stock paid in	200,000 00
3. Reserve fund	100,000 00
4. Undivided profits	5,000 00
5. Taxes reserved	23,794 66
Total	$3,422,407 18

State of California, County of Alameda. ss.

Wm. G. Henshaw and A. E. H. Cramer being each separately and duly sworn, each for himself says: That Wm. G. Henshaw is Vice President and A. E. H. Cramer is Cashier of the Union Savings Bank, the corporation above mentioned, and that the foregoing statement is true.

WM. G. HENSHAW, Vice President.
A. E. H. CRAMER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of July, A. D. 1898.

RACHEL E. POPE,
Notary Public in and for said Alameda County, California.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

WILLIAM G. HENSHAW and WILLIAM J. DINGEE, Plaintiffs, vs. HUGH McGLYNN, Defendant. No. 14,164. Dept. 3.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein William G. Henshaw and William J. Dingee, the above named plaintiffs, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Hugh McGlynn, defendant, on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1898, for the sum of four hundred and thirty-seven and 95-00 dollars ($437.95), in United States gold coin, together with interest, costs and attorney fees, aggregating with said principal the sum of seven hundred and fifty-four and 50-100 dollars ($754.90); which said judgment and decree were, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book No. 36 of said Court, at page 113, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in township of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the northern line of Thirty-eighth street, distant thereon two hundred and forty-two and 50-100 (242.50) feet easterly from the easterly line of West street, and running thence easterly along said line of Thirty-eighth street twenty-six and 50-100 (26.50) feet; thence northerly parallel with West street one hundred and forty-five (145) feet; thence at right angles westerly twenty-six and 50-100 (26.50) feet, and thence at right angles southerly and parallel with West street one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to the point of commencement. Being lot number twenty-four (24) in block "C," as the same are delineated and so designated on a certain map entitled "Map of the Major Given Tract, Oakland Township, Alameda County, Cal., which said map was filed June 11, 1888, in Book No. 10 of Maps, page 26, in the County Recorder's office of said Alameda county. Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1898,

At 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Oakland, Cal., June 29, 1898.

J. B. LANKTREE,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.
METCALF & METCALF, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 969 Broadway, Oakland.

Public Administrator's Report.

TO THE HONORABLE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA, STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

WM. H. KNIGHT, Public Administrator of Alameda county, respectfully makes this return of all estates of decedents which have come into his hands for the term commencing January 1st, 1898, and ending June 30th, 1898, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1726, Code of Civil Procedure of California.

Date of Issuance	No. of Estate	NAME OF DECEDENT	Approximate Value of Estate as Far as Ascertained	Money Which Has Come Into the Hands of the Public Administrator	Fees, Expenses, Funeral Expenses, Debts, Family Allowances Paid by the Public Administrator	Balance of Money on Hand	Administrator's Fees	REMARKS
1898								
Jan'y 31	5512	H. L. Martin	$ 35 00	$ 35 00	$ 1 25	$ 34 75	$	No Estate
31	5529	Peter Carroll						No Estate
31	5543	Joseph H. Raeside	137 84	137 84	36 35	101 49		
31	5543	Edward Scland	626 25	626 25	291 55	334 70		
Mch 2	5585	Robert Martin	3,121 00	3,121 00	11 50	3,109 50		
14	5589	Caroline S. Forbush	2,180 66	1,626 66	175 00	1,451 66		
15	5609	Cornelius Shea	1,923 40	138 19	112 05	26 14		
22	5620	James Sellick	2,125 00	31 95	31 95			
April 9	5633	Jane A. Robins	176 50	123 20	83 65	43 55		
27	5649	Kate Adams	17,021 64	4,251 24	189 30	4,061 94		
25	5669	Salome Anderson	16,654 25	120 20	120 20			
26	5128	Geo. Morey Richardson	148 40	148 40	23 90	124 50		
May 2	5658	Theodore Jacobson	1,500 00	48 00	11 50	36 50		
2	5681	Manuel S. da Silva	1,000 00					
10	5695	Bartholomew Dutto						No Estate
26	5681	Margaret Kearns	750 00					
June 15	5680	Joseph Hoffman	1,275 00	642 05	137 90	494 15		
15	5728	Mercy M. Gray	1,000 00					
27	5742	Joseph Legault						
			$50,988 84	$41,358 98	$ 1,215 10	$ 9,743 88	$	

State of California, County of Alameda. ss.

Wm. H. Knight, being first duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Public Administrator of said Alameda county, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct return of all estates of decedents which have come into his hands for the estates hereinbefore named; that he is not and was not at any time interested in the expenditures of any kind made on account of any estate he administered, nor is he associated in business or otherwise with any one who is so interested.

WM. H. KNIGHT.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of July, A. D. 1898.

C. K. MARSHALL,
(Notary Seal) Notary Public for Alameda County.

Soldiers Distract the Attention of Society's Followers.

But Few Large Events Have Taken Place During the Week.

OAKLANDERS ON A VACATION.

Vrooman-Forbes Wedding at Santa Rosa Was a Brilliant Event Socially.

Ah, my dears, but I'm a-weary, what with the warm weather and the simoon and the getting ready to go away and all, I'm half dead, and wish I were wholly. It's so hard to be charity and society and lazily well-bred, and all on nothing a year. I'm sure that a good many of the girls agree with me on this point. It's hard to be swell and poor. Pretty nearly every one is going away over the Fourth. The fact that two holidays come together make it extremely convenient for the men who want a breathing spell but whose going away wives keep their noses close to the grindstones all the time. Poor fellows, with their lined foreheads and weary faces, I'm really sorry for them.

But all the selfish people in the world are not females by any means. The other day I was chatting with a dear little woman who confided to me how hard she was trying to save, for the children were growing big and there must be a little fund put away for college and the like. But she said it was hard to accumulate, though she scrimped and saved, and turned and mended. The toes would come through and the knees grow shiny. And a small tear trembled on her lashes and she looked, oh, so tired! Some days after I met the husband of the bit of femininity. He was smoking a 25-cent cigar. I commented upon its bouquet, and he said, with a sigh, "Yes, it's an expensive habit. I smoke eight 25-cent cigars a day and what with the nickel-in-the-slot machines, they usually cost me forty. It's a deuced expensive habit, but all the other fellows do it, and I can't smoke cheap ones." Think of it, two dollars a day gone up in smoke, and that poor woman trying to get ahead, with a leak like that. I'm afraid the wife will wear herself out and that the children will earn their way through college, by working in the wood yard, as I saw some bright lads doing the other day—if they ever go to college at all.

* * *

Socially, things are deadly dull. Many have not gone away yet. Ever so many Oaklanders were on the Red Cross boat the other day. Anything for a little excitement. There was quite a crowd of Oaklanders to see that the last supplies were properly put aboard. I heard that most of the dainties that went with the ships were from Oakland. Only the Minnesota men got their share. The "Herald" didn't have time to visit all the ships, as some one stupidly discharged the band and then waited for them to come. Everybody was furious.

To show the spirit of a certain portion of the Red Cross—one lady became greatly incensed because the steamer "Herald," which has been donated to the Red Cross by the Southern Pacific company each time the transports have left, was not offered the day before the third transports sailed, and this, in spite of the fact that no one, not even the commanding officer himself, knew when the ships would sail until twelve hours before their departure.

The same lady told the Iowa Band that it need not play on the "Herald." She couldn't go and she didn't care whether there was any music or not. Another woman who couldn't go remarked, "Well, I don't think you'll have a very nice time, for there won't be any music or anything." But they did have a nice time. Mrs. Requa was in command and every one always has a nice time where she is. The Tennessee band was picked up from one of the wharves and played and everything was very merry.

* * *

The ferry hospitality service has proved to me conclusively that women would make successful army commanders, if they had ever had a chance, and also that they could have sworn at troopers and have led cavalry charges had their training lain in that direction. Sometimes the jeweled matrons with their white aprons and their coffee urns almost forget to serve the soldiery in their joy in fighting with each other. It's a shame to waste such military genius.

But one day we were all united in the sweetest of sisterly love. That day was Sunday. When it was learned that the transports were to depart on Sunday instead of Monday, as per advertisement, there was a great hurrying and scurrying. Mrs. Lowenberg hung frantically at her telephone calling up everybody in reach and urging them all to get lunches ready for the soldiers at once. All of our women worked like Trojans. They were so tired at night that they were ready to drop. The luncheons were awfully nice, for I partook of one myself

And then when it came to making a report of the ferry hospitality work at the big meeting at Golden Gate Hall the other night, Mrs. Lowenberg never even mentioned the Oakland table, though that is the one that supplied all the nourishing stew which was the real back-bone of the feast. There's nothing specially fortifying about coffee and sandwiches and cookies, or such truck—not for hungry men who have been breakfastless for hours and will, like as not, have nothing for hours to come. But though Mrs. Lowenberg may ignore Oakland, the soldiers do not. They know their friends.

Amy Long has been busy for weeks threading identification badges for the regulars. They are aluminum medals with numbers and every man's name is opposite his number in the record book. Every regular had one, also the Astor Battery, the North and South Dakotas and the Iowas. These were all given at Mrs. Long's expense. The men with them around their necks looked like dogs with new tags. There are to be no unknown graves in this campaign.

* * *

One aspect of the Red Cross work at the ferry has my entire approval. I'm sure you will be glad to know what it is the captious Meddler approves. It is a work entered upon by Mrs. W. H. Mills and a few other ladies to look after the men's morals as well as their physical well being. These ladies have sought to influence the young recruits to remember that military virtues are often civic vices and to make the men remember that when this dreadful and unnecessary war is over, they will all come home to be citizens again. They have warned the men against the immoralities of camp life, have urged them to be sober and faithful and to retain their self-respect. There is one thing I often think of and wonder why it seems to escape all the soldiers. The other night coming home from "Fort Frayne" at the Columbia, I saw several decent-looking young privates bound for the new camp at Sather, talking about running the guard and laughing about it. I wonder if these recruits ever think that running the guard is breaking the law and giving Uncle Sam a slap in the face. For the time being, military rule represents all of law and order to them. Why should they not obey it as they would obey the law at home. The spirit that allows a man to run the guard will prevent him from being a good soldier—just as the boy who plays truant from school, is never a scholar.

Our new camp is getting along very nicely and I do hope that the undesirable class of women will be kept out. They have done such immeasurable harm in San Francisco that we cannot nip them too soon. They push in everywhere. Mrs. Wetherbee and Mrs. C. C. Clay were appointed by the Oakland Red Cross to see that the men were given good cups of coffee the first day they arrived and there will be hospital visiting committees and all these things as soon as they are needed.

* * *

Speaking of hospital visiting committees, no one is more beloved by the soldiers than Mrs. Frank Powers of San Francisco. She is very bright and pretty and chatty and she has been like a ray of sunshine to the men. She has gone through the wards at the French Hospital, and old men or young, it was all the same to her—all had a flower and a smile. She is remembered with special affection and gratitude by one young private who had the misfortune to break his collar bone when the Minnesotans played another regiment at football. This lad was terribly afraid his accident would prevent him from going to Manila. He bethought himself of Mrs. Powers who had visited him in hospital. He told her his troubles and his fears. She said she would intercede for him. Finding that his captain did not want to take an injured man, and the Colonel therefore immovable, she went to headquarters, smiled on Major General Otis, who is impressionable, and he capitulated at once. The broken collar-bone went to Manila.

* * *

I was told the other day by a Colonel, who is an ex-Civil War officer, that the same hospitality work being done now in San Francisco was done during the war by the ladies in Philadelphia. Every man who passed through Philadelphia on his way to the front was cheered and fed and talked to by some of their best matrons. When this Colonel returned from the war after an absence of five years, he was again welcomed and fed by the very same women. He has never forgotten it, and neither will these men.

* * *

Our women have been working harder than ever to feed the incoming guests. Mrs. Requa almost tired herself out last week. Mrs. Moffitt and Alice, Mrs. Barton, the Browns, Mary Dunham and all the rest worked very hard, too. One thing that made it specially laborious was the heat in those low-celled rooms of ours and the fact that they were testing the heaters nearly drove us out. Altogether it was one of the most trying days we have put in.

Positively, the way some of the girls behave is nothing less than scandalous. One young woman spent her time last week putting her visiting cards in all the luncheons she packed. A certain young matron distinguished herself by blowing kisses indiscriminately from the Red Cross boat until requested to stop. Another poked flowers down a soldier's neck while he stood with both hands busied with sandwiches and coffee cup. And would you believe it, all these women are sane and sober when there are no brass buttons about! Sometimes I actually think they are soldier-mad.

The other day the San Franciscans treated a sweet young woman from Berkeley shamefully. She was born in New Orleans and when she heard that a New Orleans regiment was coming out she was anxious to serve at the tables that day, just to show her loyalty to the brethren whom she did not know. So she telephoned to a lady she knew who was head of one of the tables and asked if she could serve on that day. The lady said she would be charmed to have the sweet girl from Berkeley, and told her to secure an arm badge from Miss M—, who kept them for that table.

On the New Orleans day, the Berkeley girl, who is, by the way, of unimpeachable social position and much talent, presented herself at the ferries, armed with a huge hamper of sandwiches and an arm full of flowers. She found that the hostess who had invited her to serve had forgotten that it was her day off and that another had charge of the table. Thinking no wrong, the Berkeley girl went to Miss M— and asked for the arm badge as she had been told to.

Miss M— transfixed her with a stare. "Really," she said, "I know nothing about the matter. If Mrs. —— wants you to have a badge, she will have to see to it herself." The Southern girl looked troubled. She went to a friend at one of the tables, and the friend said she would introduce her to the hostess at the table where the Southern girl had expected to serve. But this lady, though scrupulously civil, was unbending.

"I am so sorry," she said, sweetly, "not to be able to accommodate your friend, Miss Er-r—"

"Miss Tell."

"Oh, yes, Miss Tell, but really, I have all the young ladies I need."

The Southern girl, herself a lady, did not yet suspect that she was not wanted, and followed her friend around. They went to the hostess of another table. To her the matter was explained, how there had been a misunderstanding, how the young lady was from the South and of unimpeachable social antecedents, but that the hostess who had invited her was absent. The lady heard them through patiently. She had a plan to propose which completely slid the responsibility from her own shoulders to those of some one else.

"Really, I'd be so glad to oblige you," she said, "but I haven't the power. You take your friend to Mrs. L—. She is at the head of the whole thing and she can arrange it."

So the two ladies went to Mrs. L— and once more went over the recital. Mrs. L— merely remarked to the girl from the South, "Have you an arm badge?"

"No," said the girl. "I went to Miss M—, who had the badges for the table at which I was to serve, but she said that she had no authority to give me one."

"Well, if you have no arm badge, you cannot serve. We allow no one to serve without an arm badge."

And the incident was closed.

The Southern girl gasped. She understood at last how she had been thrown from pillar to post, and she was perfectly heart-broken.

"Well," she said, "I never imagined that women could be so rude and so cruel. I have had a lesson I shall not soon forget."

Then she gathered her empty baskets together (the food she brought had been arranged on the tables) and went home.

And one or two women who served at the tables and who had heard the whole thing surrendered their arm badges that night and announced that they would not dispense any more hospitality at that stand.

And all this while American soldiers are fighting to free men they never saw in their lives.

Sometimes one wonders whether this is a republic or not.

I would like to know if there is any especial saving grace in the Red Cross, or the red tape, as I sometimes think it ought to be called, by which women have a right to abuse their neighbors. One would think, to see the scramble over it, that it would insure entrance into heaven if one could only wait upon dirty, ill smelling men, whom one would not even recognize without the uniform. They all want to be Charlottes, cutting the bread and butter. I remember that at the beginning it was announced that any woman might join, and so they may, my dears, but any woman may not serve, at least not in the places coveted by the high and mighty.

* * *

Socially the town is as dead as a door nail. There is nothing doing at all, and I don't wonder that every one who has a bank account in two figures, or whose credit is good for anything at all, is making for the country as fast as train or boat can carry them. The Requas are planning to go to Santa Monica and Aetna Springs—have in fact engaged rooms—as soon as the soldier rush is over. Major Long is tired out with his work, and the rank ingratitude that has greeted most of his efforts, and will go away as soon as possible.

The Wellmans of Fruitvale give a dinner tonight at Piedmont. There will be about fifteen people, and they will have a merry time in the charming moonlight. It is beautiful out there at night.

* * *

The wedding of Julius Abrahamson and Miss Phillips, which took place last Sunday evening, was quite as brilliant as anticipated, and had all the jollity of an informal home ceremony. Only the immediate families were present. The bride looked charming in her bridal robes of white. The gown of white bengaline was daintily trimmed with soft ruffles of mulle edged with satin ribbon. The effect was one of extreme simplicity and daintiness. The bridesmaids looked charming, and the little children who acted as flower bearers were prettily clad and bore themselves admirably. Mrs. Abrahamson, the mother of Mr. Abrahamson, was present and looked just as charming as she always does. She wore a lovely satin gown trimmed with exquisite real lace. Her diamonds were beautiful, but it was her sweet, lovely face that attracted all eyes, and not her jewels. Mrs. Hugo Abrahamson was beautifully gowned also. There were hundreds of congratulatory telegrams from all over the country, and several cablegrams from Mr. Abrahamson's relatives in Germany, who were most hearty in their congratulations to their kinsman.

The supper was an elaborate affair, and was served amidst great pink roses and carnations. Pink is a favorite color of the bride, and the entire house was decorated in roses and carnations of this hue.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Abrahamson spent the early part of their honeymoon at Monterey, but now they are at Lake Tahoe. Their stay is indefinite, but when they do return they expect to settle down in a pretty home in this city.

* * *

Mrs. Sol Kahn is at present in Los Angeles and is being extensively entertained at dinners and luncheons.

* * *

Frank, Will and Fred Davie, sons of ex-Mayor J. L. Davie, are enjoying their vacation at Camp Meeker, Sonoma county.

* * *

W. W. Foote and Justice Henshaw have gone to Santa Cruz. They will be the guests of J. D. Spreckels on the yacht Lurline. The party expects to be gone one week.

* * *

Aimee Reed and Harwood D. Swales of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company are to be married on Saturday evening, July 9th. It is to be entirely a family affair at the home of the bride's father, Charles G. Reed of the Union National Bank, 1257 Filbert street. All of the bride's family are well known. Her sister, Mrs. Olive Reed Cushman, is a talented vocalist and a very sweet woman. Aimee is domestic and artistic. She paints well on china, and has the rare faculty in these hurried latter days of making home a charming place to be. She has been engaged to Mr. Swales for some time, and I am only sorry that the quietness of the wedding will prevent us from seeing how very pretty she will look as a bride. She was a lovely bridesmaid for the Cushman wedding. I presume that the blonde and younger sister Eva will be bridesmaid this time. The bridal gown, which I have had the pleasure of seeing, is of white silk organdie and looks as though it came out of an old picture. It is like a dress of a hundred years ago. With the bridal gown goes a large bunch of white Bermuda lilies for a bouquet.

Mr. and Mrs. Seth Wilson Cushman have been spending the first anniversary of their marriage at Del Monte where their honeymoon was spent. They had the most delightful of weather for it. There is a perfectly happy couple.

* * *

There is almost nothing at the theaters. "Fort Frayne" at the Columbia is attracting popular notice. The Frawleys are having very swell houses this season. The opening night of "Fort Frayne" was fashionable, and so was the opening night of the company three weeks ago. "Fort Frayne" was written by General Charles King, you know, and Major General Merritt was there the first night. It will run all next week, so you will have a chance to see it. Miss Lucile La Verne, who plays the part of the old maid of the garrison, is a Southern girl, and wears in the play some gowns that belonged to her grandmother and are seventy-five years old. There is a printed mulle that is too pretty for anything. I advise you all to go.

Olive Oliver (Emma Oliver) will shortly be playing in San Francisco again. She is now in Los Angeles. Miss Oliver has an excellent offer for next season. She will be leading lady with Mansfield.

* * *

Mrs. T. A. Crellin and Anita and Katherine Crellin are at Aetna. The Folgers are at San Rafael. At the Geysers are the Ghirardellis, Touchards, Uptons, the Ellicott Johnsons and the Murrey Johnsons, all the Mhoons, the Boalts and the Kellogs, the Dunhams, Fred Magee and Horace Miller. Quite a crowd of Oaklanders are at Castle Crag, among them C. M. Goodall, wife, two children and nurse. Georgie Strong and Lillian are at Highland Springs. They have an especial penchant for Lake county. A great many people are at Rowardennan in the Santa Cruz mountains. All the Kales are there, also Mr. and Mrs. Edward Barry, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Heron, N. H. Henderson and family and Mrs. Judge Henshaw and her family.

* * *

There have been two dinners this week at Highlands. One was on the occasion of Mrs. Requa's birthday to a few old friends. The decorations, which were unique, were carried out under the supervision of Mrs. Long. There was much red, white and blue carried from the chandeliers to the cornices and over the table a big red cross in flowers. A little "Astor Battery" of soldiers was arranged on top of the birthday cake.

Early in the week a luncheon was given at Highlands in honor of Captain March, commander of the Astor Battery. It was a very delightful affair, all military in decoration. Several distinguished officers were invited to meet the soldiers from New York. Highlands was at its best and prettiest.

I wish you would all tell me where you are going for the summer. A good many have already. It's the only way I can keep track of you. Au revoir.

THE MEDDLER.

Royal Baking Powder

Made of Cream of Tartar

Most healthful leavener in the world. Goes farther.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE LEDYARD PARTY.

Jack Ledyard gave a birthday party Tuesday afternoon at his Berkeley home in honor of his tenth natal day.

A large number of his young friends were present and the time was spent in merry games and the partaking of refreshments.

Among those present were Misses Edith Whitney, Louise Nutting, Louise and Isabel Frier from Alameda; Gustave and Maynard Touchard, Elwood and Martin Reed, Randal and Harold Layman, Kenneth and Noel Thompson, George Nutting and Jack Ledyard.

ELLSWORTH-WELLS.

A very pretty home wedding was that of Miss Olive Pearl Wells of San Francisco and Henry Goodrich Ellsworth of Niles, at the residence of the groom's mother last Thursday afternoon. The Rev. E. D. Hale of Niles performed the ceremony. The rooms were prettily decorated in honor of the event. The baywindow in the parlor, where the bridal couple stood for the ceremony, was hung with a green curtain of curling willow branches dotted with white roses. The walls and mantle were trimmed with ferns and witch hazel, forming a background for the clusters of the white fever fern and the palest pink carnations. In the hall and dancing room was a profusion of beautiful roses and various colored carnations. At 4 o'clock the officiating minister entered the parlor and awaited the coming of the bridal couple. They were preceded by Miss Minnie Snyder as bridesmaid and Charles Wells, a brother of the bride, as groomsman.

The ceremony was short but impressive, including the placing of the ring, and at its close all joined in congratulations to the happy pair, and in expressions of many good wishes for their future. Later all adjourned to the grape arbor and were seated about two long tables, between which was a small table, where the bride and groom and their attendants were seated. Dainty refreshments were served. The bride's dress was of white organdie trimmed with valenciennes lace. She carried a boquet of bride roses and maidenhair fern. The bridesmaid's dress was also of white organdie. She carried a bouquet of pink Caroline Testout roses, with pink sash of chiffon and pink roses in her hair.

A number of friends from San Francisco and Oakland were present among the guests. Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth received many beautiful gifts, including articles in silver china and other beautiful wares. As the bridal couple left the house to take the 6 o'clock train they were showered with rice and the bride's bouquet was caught by Miss Minnie Snyder as it was thrown from the steps. A group of merry young people gathered at the station to see the bridal pair depart. The wedding trip will include a visit to Los Angeles and Coronado Beach, and upon their return Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth will make their home at the family residence in Niles.

A SOCIAL DANCE.

A pleasant dance was given by the Red, White and Blue Cotillion Club Thursday evening, at Pythian Hall. There was a large attendance. The affair was in charge of the following: R. H. Hammond, chairman; Dr. W. Taylor, Dr. J. L. Milton, Dan Hallahan, Alex McKinnon, J. E. McElroy, Dr. Jones, Martin McDonald, Dr. Kane, Will Neary, Caesar Alexander, Tom Hogan.

DYER-D'BERNARDI.

David Elmer Dyer and Miss Theresa Rosa De Bernardi were married at St. Joseph's Church, Alameda, at 8:30 o'clock last Thursday evening.

The church was handsomely decorated in palms, pink carnations and roses. Only relatives and a few very intimate friends of both parties witnessed the ceremony.

The bridesmaid was Miss Lottie Davis of Sacramento, and Chester Myrick of Oakland acted as best man. The bride, preceded by the bridesmaid, came in on the arm of her father and was met at the chancel rail by the groom and best man.

The bride wore a gown of white organdie over white taffeta silk, with Valenciennes lace. A French veil was worn caught with real orange blossoms. A bouquet of bride's roses completed the costume.

The bridesmaid was dressed in a cream muslin de soie over cream satin with black Valenciennes lace and turquoise blue velvet. She carried a bouquet of tea roses.

After the ceremony, performed by the Rev. Father Foley, a supper was served at the home of the bride, 1224 Chestnut street. The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David De Bernardi, the well-known commission merchant of San Francisco, and is a popular young lady in Alameda society circles. The groom is connected with the Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. Dyer are now enjoying their honeymoon trip in El Dorado county and expect to be gone two weeks. On returning they will reside at 2012 San Antonio avenue, Alameda.

THE UNITARIAN RECEPTION.

Rev. and Mrs. Theodore Williams were tendered a farewell reception at the parlors of the First Unitarian Church Monday evening. The rooms were handsomely decorated and Mrs. Williams was presented with many pretty bouquets. Col. John P. Irish made a brief speech and Dr. Williams responded to this expression of regret at the loss of the clever minister. Light refreshments were served during the reception.

Among the guests of the evening were Judge and Mrs. Yule, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Redington, Miss Vilda Redington, Mr. and Mrs. John Russ, Raymond Russ, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Olney, Mrs. Borland, Dr. and Mrs. Von Adelung, Mr. and Mrs. Kluegel, Mrs. Evans, George Evans, Doctor Myra Knox, Doctor Sarah Shuey, Doctor Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. Freeman, Miss Rickoff, Mrs. Tripp, Miss Georgia Cope, Mrs. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Smith, Miss Shaffer, Mrs. Mills of Mills College, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Nye, Misses Meredith, Mrs. and Miss Cook, J. W. McClymonds, Mrs. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Potter, Miss Potter, Mr. Bartlett, Mrs. MacNicol, the Misses Fletcher, Miss Alice Tripp, and many others.

TAILORING at WESTOVER'S ...

We have opened a Tailoring Department in connection with our Haberdashery.

It is under the management of the well-known cutter, Mr. Chas. Babb.

A trial will convince you that we turn out the best clothes in the city.

The Prices Are Reasonable.

C. WESTOVER & CO.

HATTERS, FURNISHERS AND TAILORS

1118 to 1124 Washington St.

A Beautiful Present

In order to further introduce ELASTIC STARCH (Flat Iron Brand), the manufacturers, J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co., of Keokuk, Iowa, have decided to GIVE AWAY a beautiful present with each package of starch sold. These presents are in the form of

Beautiful Pastel Pictures

They are 13x19 inches in size, and are entitled as follows:

Lilacs and Pansies.

Pansies and Marguerites.

Wild American Poppies.

Lilacs and Iris.

These rare pictures, four in number, by the renowned pastel artist, R. LeRoy, of New York, have been chosen from the very choicest subjects in his studio and are now offered for the first time to the public.

The pictures are accurately reproduced in all the colors used in the originals, and are pronounced by competent critics, works of art.

Pastel pictures are the correct thing for the home, nothing surpassing them in beauty, richness of color and artistic merit.

One of these pictures will be given away with each package of ELASTIC STARCH purchased of your grocer. It is the best laundry starch on the market, and is sold for 10 cents a package. Ask your grocer for this starch and get a beautiful picture.

All Grocers Keep Elastic Starch. Accept No Substitute.

MARRIED IN HONOLULU.

The marriage of Edwin Benner, head of one of the departments of Castle & Cooke's business, and Miss Maude Louise Barnum took place in Central Union Church, Honolulu, June 9th ult. Rev. D. P. Binnie and Rev. C. R. Brown of Oakland officiated. The decorations placed under the direction of Mrs. J. B. Atherton consisted of palms and white asters and were very pretty. A reception at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Atwater followed the ceremony, where numerous and sincere congratulations were offered. Mr. and Mrs. Benner have a large circle of friends in Honolulu.

Mr. Edwin is the son of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Benner of Sixteenth street, and has resided in Honolulu for some time.

A MOONLIGHT PARTY.

Last Wednesday evening a party of young people, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Naylor and Mr. and Mrs. William Squires, enjoyed a picnic at Bath Beach, Berkeley. Taking the 6 o'clock car they were met at West Berkeley by the "Sunset City" and driven over to the beach, where everything had been prepared for their reception. Th dining-room and kitchen had been rented, and while part of the young people took a plunge in the briny deep, the others prepared dinner, which was heartily enjoyed by all after the invigorating effect of the salt sea air. The water was just warm enough to be comfortable and make bathing a delight.

After some time spent in watching the moonlight play upon the waves as they dashed in, the party returned to East Berkeley at 10 o'clock.

THE HARRISON RECEPTION.

A delightful reception was given to Charles Harrison, who lately became a benedict, at his home, Monday evening.

Musical selections, vocal solos and toasts tended to pass the time quickly. The wee small hours of morning came only too soon and interrupted the pleasure of the party.

NOBLE-WESTON.

The nuptials of H. A. Noble and Miss Emily Weston were solemnized at the home of the bride's mother, 510 Seventeenth street, Wednesday evening. The wedding was a quiet affair with only a few intimate friends in attendance.

The bride was attired in white satin with lace trimmings. Her long veil of tulle was gracefully caught with orange blossoms.

The decorations were exceptionally pretty. The hallway was trimmed with geraniums, attached to them netting which canopied the hall. The rest of the house was decked in ferns and flowers. A piano and violin furnished music during the ceremony.

The bride is a popular young lady of Oakland and a skilful artiste. The groom is a well known business man and a graduate of the State University.

The young people left on the evening train for Oregon, where they will spend the honeymoon. On their return they will reside in San Francisco.

JUDGE M'KENNA COMING.

United States Supreme Justice Joseph McKenna and family are expected to arrive from Washington, D. C., shortly and will spend the summer on the coast.

A HAYWARDS CONCERT.

An excellent concert will be given at Haywards Park tomorrow afternoon by Ballenberg's orchestra when the following programme will be presented:

March, "Manhattan Beach;" song, "Don't Be Cross;" medley, "Peasant Evening;" waltz, "Beautiful Women;" march, "Carmen;" medley, "Dewey;" cavotte, "Isabella;" march, "El Capitan;" medley, "Americanos;" song, "La Paloma;" waltz, "Jolly Brothers;" medley, "Ballenberg."

OFF TO HUNT.

A party of Oaklanders, consisting of W. G. Palmanteer, Councilman Girard, A. L. McPherson, and H. N. Barry, have announced their intention of starting shortly on a hunting excursion to the Rogue River mountains in Oregon. They expect to be gone for a month or six weeks, and are going after elk, bear, and other big game. They will ship their supplies by steamer to Coos Bay, and from that point they will take guides and packers to a point sixty or seventy miles in the interior.

As it is against the law to kill either elk or deer at this season of the year, they will probably meet with some opposition from the game protectors, which they will find are plentiful in the States of Oregon and Washington.

DOWNING-BOWEN.

The following item in a Denver paper gives an account of the marriage of Claude Downing of Niles, who was a student at Stanford and is well known in social athletic and college circles in this city.

"An early morning wedding is a novelty in Denver and promises to become popular, judging from the well-filled church which witnessed the marriage of Miss Henrietta Bowen, only daughter of Mrs. J. Lucie Bowen, to Mr. Claude Standish Downing. Promptly at 7:30 the big pipe organ at St. John's Cathedral responded to the touch of Professor Houseley, and to the strains of "Lohengrin" the bridal party entered the church. The wedding was an unpretentious but impressive affair, and the lovely bride made a charming picture as she went up the broad aisle of the church on the arm of her brother, Ewing W. Bowen, who gave her away. Dean Hart officiated. Messrs. Thomas Williams and J. F. Wilson, two old classmates of the groom at Stanford University, were ushers. The bride was married in her going-away gown of silver gray broadcloth trimmed with Alsatian embroidery, with a bouffant front of white taffeta, hat and gloves to match. She carried a handsome shower bouquet of bride roses. At 8 o'clock a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's mother, 639 East Seventeenth avenue, and at 8:45 Mr. and Mrs. Downing left for San Francisco. The breakfast table was prettily decorated in pink and white roses and carnations. The bride is a charming little lady, with hosts of friends who regret exceedingly that Denver will not continue to be her home. She attended the East Denver High school and graduated from the Normal Kindergarten. The groom is a Stanford graduate, and a great favorite among football players. He was on the D. A. C. team and also at Stanford. He is at present in the hardware business in San Francisco. Many handsome presents as testimonials of the esteem in which the young people are held were received by them. Mr. and Mrs. Downing will be at home at Alameda, Cal., after July 1st."

THE M'KOWN PARTY.

Miss Loletta McKown was given a pleasant surprise party June 20, which was her eighteenth birthday. Dancing and games were enjoyed. The following were present: Miss A. Zels, Ilino Broderick, Ava Lucas, Mary Baptist, Miss J. McNiece, Mary McNiece, Lizzie Selp, Clara Stoddart, Marion Fitton, Nellie Selp, Miss M. Broderick, Theresa Baker, Florence Phillips, Mary Williams, Grace Read, John Fogarty, Charlie Brochick, Mr. Rilea, Mr. L. Peterson, Mr. C. Peterson, J. McNiece, J. Baptist, J. Kenney, M. McMenamin, H. Graham, F. Peddler, Roy Lucas, L. Frazier, C. Geary, J. Plunkett, H. McKown, O. L. Zels, Mrs. McKown, Mrs. Peterson, Mrs. Taylor.

AUNT JERUSHA'S ALBUM.

A most novel and interesting entertainment was held Tuesday night at the Market-street Congregational Church. It was given by the Intermediate Christian Endeavor Society, which is one of the most flourishing in this city. This Society was organized by Rev. E. S. Chapman about two years ago and has since been most active in all its work. Mrs. Phineas White presented "Aunt Jerusha's Album" most ably to the large audience which greeted the young people.

The following is the list of pictures which were shown:

Soldier, Mr. Walter Land; Grandmother, Mrs. Simpson; Aunt Jerusha, Mrs. L. Rhoden; Uncle [illegible] h; Mr. J. Paul; Josiah, Mr. D[illegible] Aunt Lucinda, Mrs. Paul; Gr[illegible]hat, Rollin Barker; Sal, Mabel R[illegible] not [illegible] wins,

Tribune Classified

Tribune Classified is a Short Cut to the Buying Public.
Tribune Classified is an easy priced advertising medium in every department.

RATES.

One cent per word for 1 insertion.
Two cents per word for 3 insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for 6 insertions.

Line rate per month.....50c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

1½c per word for 1 insertion.
1c per word for 3 insertions.
2c per word for 6 insertions.

For discounts on term contracts, address
ADVERTISING MANAGER TRIBUNE.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

BRUNSWICK HOTEL, Washington st.; the cheapest and best furnished rooms in this town; scrupulously clean and nice; suits from $10 up. Mrs. M. Lamb.

TWO large corner rooms; light housekeeping permitted. 658 Eighth st., cor. Grove.

SUNNY front rooms; can be arranged for housekeeping; single rooms $1 up. 889 Washington st.

FOR RENT—Handsome large front suit, facing on Washington st.; bath; hot and cold water; terms very reasonable to permanent couple; no children. Brunswick Hotel, Washington st.

FOR RENT — Nicely furnished, sunny room, with or without board; references. 1144 Filbert st.

UNFURNISHED carpeted rooms; pleasantly located. 1406 Alice st., Oakland.

THREE furnished and four unfurnished rooms for rent. Apply 1512 Fifteenth st., bet. Peralta and Campbell sts.

FOR RENT—For light housekeeping; two nice large sunny suits; water, gas, baths; $10; no children. Brunswick Hotel.

FOR RENT — Dressmaking parlors on first floor; doing good business; bay window. Brunswick Hotel.

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

MODERN six room cottage, $12.50.
Modern five room cottage, $15.
Modern six room flat, $11.
LAYMANCE, 460 Eighth St.

COTTAGES TO RENT.

Cottages cheaper than single room rent; two, three, four and five room modern cottages, large yards, with or without stables, only ten minutes' ride out Telegraph ave. or Grove st. electric car lines; rent $5.50, $7.50, $8, $9 and $10, city water included. Apply to
R. J. MONTGOMERY,
1112 Broadway. - - Oakland.

EXCHANGE for rent a beautiful cottage in East Oakland for a cottage or flat in West Oakland. 1114 East Nineteenth st.

ELMHURST—Seven room house on electric car line near Jones ave.; well and city water; stable; fruit; shade trees and flower garden; cement and gravel road and walks. Inquire of Mrs. E. J. Haney, Elmhurst.

FLATS TO RENT.

LOWER FLOOR; three clean, sunny rooms; separate entrance; nice grounds; central. 615 Fifteenth st.

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x118 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $750 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1122 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1116 Broadway.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED

WANTED—Room and board in private family, by young married couple; terms must be reasonable; references. F., box 4, Tribune office.

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—One furnished bedroom and an unfurnished room for housekeeping; must be within four blocks of Tenth and Broadway. Address A. B., box 4, this office.

ATTORNEYS.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 26-27.

HAROLD L. MARTIN and W. J. ROBINSON, Attorneys-at-Law, 921 Broadway, room 15.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law, Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public, 1005½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 508 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 49-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 28.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 3, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 562 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 554½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

EMPLOYERS gladly pay the girls' office fees at the Clerks' Exchange, 1015 Washington st., to get reliable help.

CLERKS' EXCHANGE, 1018 Washington st., Oakland, managed exclusively by Oakland citizens, invites ladies and gentlemen to investigate its facilities to obtain lucrative commercial situations.

WANTED—Employers of help to send orders to us, as we introduce none but competent help. 1018 Washington st.; tel. white 934.

GIRL wishes situation to do housework and cooking; good references. Call at 487 Twenty-fifth st.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 525 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 5281 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. G. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girls for general housework; two $25, seven $20, five $15 places. Call at the Clerks' Exchange, 1019 Washington st.

WANTED—A German and Swedish girl, also girls of all nationalities, at Mrs. W. M. Sanford's Fidelity Employment Office, 847 Broadway.

WANTED—A young girl, foreigner preferred, to assist with cooking and housework. Call 1125 Adeline st., Wednesday and Thursday, at meal hours.

WANTED—Ten girls at once; wages $15 to $20; no fees charged; the best homes in Oakland waiting. Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general houzework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 1159 Washington st.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — Married janitor, stationary engineer, elevator runner, stock keeper, time keeper and tally clerk, engineer, two firemen, six helpers, two machine hands, two junior clerks. 1018 Washington st.

AGENTS WANTED

WANTED—Agents to sell new War Revenue stamp Cancellor; every business concern compelled to use one; $25 daily; samples 50c; money order. Balch Bros. Company, Utica, N. Y.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 59 McAllister st., corner McAllister st.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

FURNITURE WANTED — We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1517-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers. Tel. red-423.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Four year old horse; kind and gentle. Apply Bonita Fish Market, 423 San Pablo ave.

FOR SALE—Gasoline stove with oven attached; fine for camping. 615 Fifteenth st.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

DENTISTS.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-15, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR RENT—The Enterprise Planing Mill, Alameda; thoroughly equipped with all the necessary machines, machinery, etc., and everything good running order to start up at once. Apply to Puget Sound Lumber Co., First and Broadway, Oakland.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A small tan dog; goes by the name "Tops." Please return to 160 Seventh st. and receive reward.

LOST — On Wednesday, June 28th, at Thirteenth and Washington sts., a sealskin purse containing five dollars and a pair of gold glasses. Finder can have money if return purse and glasses to this office.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 475½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 513.

DRESSMAKERS.

DRESSMAKING and millinery parlors, 516 Eleventh st., rooms 1 and 2; stylish suits, $5; country orders solicited.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1063 Broadway, Oakland.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES — Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—Real estate loans secured promptly at moderate cost. Hugh M. Cameron, Real Estate Broker, 479 Ninth st., Oakland.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, jewelry, live stock, merchandise, machinery, etc., by private party. King's, 457 Ninth st., near Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN.
AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN.
AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN.
AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN.

$1,250 $1,250
$1,250 $1,250 Will buy a neat cottage
$1,250 $1,250 of seven rooms and bath
$1,250 $1,250 lot 50x100 situate on 25th
$1,250 $1,250 avenue, East Oakland.
$1,250 $1,250

Easily worth $1,800.
Easy terms if desired.

BELDEN & COOK,
BELDEN & COOK,
BELDEN & COOK,
BELDEN & COOK,

The Leading

REAL ESTATE DEALERS
REAL ESTATE DEALERS
REAL ESTATE DEALERS

—And—

INSTALLMENT HOME BUILDERS.

Near 1112 BROADWAY.
Thirteenth Street. 1112 BROADWAY.

THE FAMOUS

ADAMS POINT PROPERTY
—In the—
HEART OF OAKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We announce the offering the the first subdivision of the famous "Adams Point Property."

Thousands all over the State have picnicked under and admired the magnificent old oaks during the past forty years on this property. All the streets are graded, curbed, sewered and macadamized; cement walks are now being laid; ornamental shade trees will be planted; in fact, every lot free of cost to purchasers; gas and water pipes are laid on both sides of every street; this property is surrounded by the residences of Senator George C. Perkins, Chas. M. Cooke, Frank C. Havens, W. W. Whitman, R. George Zahn, Chas. Olney, A. F. Coffin, E. P. Flint, John L. Howard and many other fine homes; a combination of lake, bay, hill and city views such as no other property commands; lots are from 130 to 160 feet deep; no improvements of a less value than $3,000 allowed; prices from $20 to $40 per front foot; special prices and special terms will be made with the first twenty purchasers.

Call at once while you can have the best selection.

Carriages to show the property always ready. Send for illustrated souvenir containing views on and about the property.

LAKE SHORE LAND CO.
A. H. BREED, Manager, 1070 Broadway, Oakland.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.
458 NINTH STREET.

$1,200—On Adeline st.; 200x100 feet; this property is worth $2,500, present prices; must be sold this week.

Come in and make us an offer on a lot 50x125, on west side of Market st. near Twenty-sixth st.; no reasonable offer refused. (1202)

$800—New two story house of four rooms; lot 50 feet front; in the Alden tract; two blocks to car line each way; worth $1,200; terms to suit.

$3,200—A perfect gem; just finished; complete in every respect; two story, nine rooms, pantry, wash room, cement cellar, south front; lot 50x160; above grade; close to car line; street work complete; all ready for occupancy; very cheap; easy terms. (1509)

We are offering lots in the Central Land Co.'s tract, situated bet. Thirty-first and Thirty-sixth sts., Telegraph ave. and Market st.; street work complete; at from $12 to $23 per foot; easy terms; sizes to suit; will also build to suit purchaser. The prices on this property have been reduced from one-third to one-half in order to close out the remaining lots in this tract at once.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.
458 NINTH STREET.

AT PRIVATE SALE.
CHOICE BUILDING LOTS IN THE SANFORD TRACT,
CORNER SEMINARY AVENUE AND SAN LEANDRO ROAD, NEAR
—FRUITVALE—
ON THE LINE OF THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
One-fourth——CASH.——One-fourth
BALANCE IN 6, 12 AND 18 MONTHS. INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT PER ANNUM, PAYABLE QUARTERLY.
POSITIVELY THE GREATEST OPPORTUNITY EVER OFFERED TO PURCHASERS OF CHEAP LOTS ON THE LINE OF THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
ONLY ONE-FOURTH CASH.
BALANCE IN 6, 12 AND 18 MONTHS.
ONLY 8 PER CENT INTEREST.
200—BEAUTIFUL LOTS—200
FROM $100 UP.
TO REACH THE PROPERTY GET OFF AT SEMINARY PARK STATION.
THE SEMINARY PARK STATION OF THE LOCAL ROAD IS WITHIN EASY REACH. MANY OF THE LOTS FRONT ON SEMINARY AVENUE AND SAN LEANDRO ROAD.
THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY PASS THE PROPERTY EVERY FEW MINUTES.
TITLE PERFECT.
REMEMBER THE TERMS.
SMALL CASH PAYMENT.
INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT PER ANNUM, PAYABLE QUARTERLY.
FOR MAPS AND FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO
——S. S. AUSTIN.——
1101 TWENTY-THIRD AVENUE,
EAST OAKLAND.

EDUCATIONAL.

FRENCH and Spanish lessons given by a competent teacher; single lessons, $2 per month, two lessons a week; reductions made to classes. Room 47, Arlington Hotel.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At Elmhurst; two lots 50x141; on Mountain View ave.; three blocks from power house; will be sold for less than cost. Address D. V., Tribune office.

Strictly First Class.

There is one strictly first class express service in Oakland—that of the People's Express Company. The company checks baggage at your house to any point on the Southern Pacific system free of charge.

Telephone main 326. Office, northeast corner Broadway and Ninth street.

"Wanted" Storage Goods.

Storage taken from 35c upwards; best and safest building in Oakland to leave your furniture, etc., at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

The physicians send all their patients to Theo. Gier Co., 513-515 Fourteenth street, for pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes.

For fine old Kentucky bourbon and rye whisky, brandies and wines, go to Theo. Gier Co., 513-515 Fourteenth street.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

$500—A fine lot on Thirty-second st. near West, 50 feet frontage; street now being macadamized; cheapest lot in Oakland; south front; worth twice the money to home-seeker. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$2,500—A cottage and lot on Twelfth st., 6 rooms and bath; too small for present owner; will exchange for larger place in central location and assume mortgage or pay cash difference; fine garden and hot-houses. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

OFFER WANTED.

A building lot on Magnolia st., 25x133, will be sold at private sale Saturday, July 2d, to the highest bidder for cash; owner a non-resident and must realize; present bid $175; who will raise it? WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth street.

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

$20,000—An elegant piece of inside business property, unimproved, right in line of advancement; a tenant ready to occupy building; area 5,000 square feet; best buy in Oakland. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

MONEY WANTED.

In sums of $500 up; GUARANTEED INVESTMENT; pays 6 per cent net; free from taxes; better than a savings bank; an excellent opportunity for a small investment. For particulars apply to

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.,
OAKLAND.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR RESIDENCE IN OAKLAND OR SAN FRANCISCO OF EQUAL VALUE.

SONOMA COUNTY.

Two hundred and forty acres rolling and level land, magnificent ranch for stock and grain, four miles southwest of Calistoga, one mile over the line of Napa county into Sonoma county. This property consists of about seventy-five acres in heavy timber land, containing from 8,000 to 10,000 cords of wood, which can be sold upon the place for $2 per cord, the cost of cutting the same being $1.25 per cord, leaving a net balance of 75 cents per cord, or in the neighborhood of $6,000 to $7,000 worth of wood upon the property. The balance as follows:

Two fields fenced into about fifty acres each; one sown in grain; this year the other used as pasture, but the whole being adapted to grain; the balance of the land is adapted to anything that land will produce. There are ten acres in wine grapes, which produced four tons per acre this year.

Facing on Porter creek, a living stream which runs through the place for one-fourth of a mile the year round. Also affording good trout fishing; good family orchard of five or six acres with different varieties of fruit; also blackberries and other varieties of small fruits. A good house of six rooms, with large parlor 16x16, with fine bedroom off of same 14x15; also two other bedrooms, 12x14; kitchen, dining room, etc. A magnificent stone milk house about 15x16; cost owner $500. The grounds around the place are covered with different varieties of choice rose bushes, shrubbery, etc. Water piped to house and over grounds. Barn capable of accommodating eight to ten horses; also sixty tons of hay and grain; chicken houses and outbuildings. This property was sold a few years ago for $15,000. The present price, $10,000, is what is is worth in cash. The location is unexcelled, being surrounded by a fine class of neighbors.

Note—The owner of this property has rented the place for a nominal sum cash rent in order to have the same well taken care of; also that he can get possession in the event of a sale or trade. This property can be used for a general stock, grain and poultry ranch, having a ready market for everything raised upon the place. All farming implements go with the place. Mortgage $4,800, which can run; interest paid to date. Will exchange equity for Oakland residence or unimproved Oakland lots. For full particulars apply to

J. W. LAYMANCE,
466 EIGHTH ST., - - Oakland.

NATIONAL BANKS ARE FLOURISHING.

The Country's Prosperity is Indicated by Their Expansion.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Mr. Dawes, the Comptroller of the Currency, has made the following statement regarding the general condition of national banks at the close of the fiscal year:

The past year has been one of growth and expansion in the business of the national banks of the country, as reports of their present condition, compared with former reports, clearly indicate. The individual deposits of the banks, which on July 23, 1897, were $1,770,480,536, reached on May 5, 1898, the sum of $1,909,403,433, and the five statements called for during the past year show that the rate of gain was quite uniform. The declaration of war did not stop this gain, the increase between February 18th and May 5th of this year being $16,647,605, and the individual deposits of the national banks of the United States now stand at the highest point in the history of the system.

The expansion in loans since May 14, 1897, has been $173,728,865.

The concurrent expansion in the loans and individual deposits of our banking system is the best possible evidence of growing confidence in the business and banking world. Increasing deposits with contracting loans, or decreasing deposits with increasing loans, are conditions which may exist without being considered as necessarily indicating prosperous conditions, but the conjunction of a steady increase in loans with a steady increase in deposits is almost without exception the evidence of marked increase in the activity of profitable business exchanges of the country and its general prosperity.

New Running Card.

The new running card of the Fire Department went into effect yesterday. The new hose cart No. 3 was placed in active service yesterday.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are unrivaled for relieving Coughs, Hoarseness and all Throat Troubles. Sold only in boxes.

James E. Pepper, a celebrated whisky, on sale by E. F. Thayer, 464 Eighth street.

A RALLY FOR W. R. DAVIS AT GOLDEN GATE.

Candidacy Is Espoused by Ex-Mayor M. C. Chapman.

He Says Personal Preferment Ought to Be Sunk in Party Welfare.

There was a meeting in Klinkner Hall, Golden Gate last night in the interest of W. R. Davis. The hall was well filled and, at times, quite an amount of applause followed the sentiments expressed by the speakers. Previously to the meeting there was a bonfire on San Pablo avenue near the hall, the burning of red fire by Charley Freeman, the rendition of several stirring airs by the Fifth Regiment Band and of several patriotic vocal pieces by the Bevins Quartette.

The meeting was called to order by John E. Farnum. He said that there was a contest going on in Alameda county and that the people of the county would have to decide. So far as he was informed, he would say that the people would decide it by saying that W. R. Davis would be the next Governor of this State.

Don F. Miller was then introduced as chairman of the meeting, who in turn introduced M. C. Chapman, as the first speaker of the evening. Mr. Chapman's appearance on the stage was greeted with applause.

Every Republican in Alameda county, in California, and in the United States was wholly satisfied, he said, with the result of the last Presidential election and the efforts made by the present administration in securing to the people of the United States a much larger amount of prosperity than they had previously enjoyed under the Democratic administration. One of the features of the administration was that of a soldier, the chief executive of the nation, calling on men, irrespective of whether they wore the Federal blue or Confederate gray in the rebellion, to carry the nation's flag to victory in Cuba and the Philippines.

It seemed to him, however, that they were more interested in one man nearer home and that one man was their friend, their neighbor, their fellow citizen in whose interest the meeting of the night was being held. The man who aspired to be the Republican candidate for Governor, should have the sense to know that the local organization of Republicanism should be respected by every Republican and he who assailed it was unfit to aspire to leadership. He should be a man who was physically strong and morally brave to express himself on the subject. He should be a man who had kept abreast of the times; who knew that the highest aspiration of the Republican party was to administer the government in the interests of the people, and who was able to go forth and show what he had in him the element of statesmanship.

"I have known," he continued, "Mr. Davis for eighteen years, and, if I am any judge of the duties of the office of Governor, Mr. Davis is the peer of any man in the State of California.

"I would not mention the name of the gentleman who is running against him, were it not that he is occupying the position of an obstructionist.

"There is no doubt in the world that Mr. Davis would have a solid delegation to the next Republican Convention, if there was no one in the field but himself, and I say tonight, there is but one Republican in Alameda county who is asking the suffrage of the people for that office, and that cannot be said of the man who never was a Republican until he wanted a favor from the people and that was only twice in his life.

"I have said that a man who aspired to such an office should be morally and physically brave. The people demand a typical man. The man who, as executive, when confronted by a mob, whether that mob were right or wrong, just or unjust, who will content himself with a fishing pole, 300 miles away, lacks the courage which the people demand.

"I have heard it said that he is the hero of the water front, and they base a good deal of praise for him on this idea. My friend Davis had made a record in that matter for years and years even for sixteen years before the name of George Pardee was mentioned in connection with it. What fight did Pardee make when millions were at stake? Why he played the part of a clown until he ran up against an injunction and he has never been heard of since. This man is either travelling on his record or his good looks. On the latter subject I have nothing to say, but, if he has a friend here, I challenge that friend to produce a speech, or document or letter or anything that comes from the brain of Pardee to show that he is able to be the Governor of California. His manuscript letters are carefully prepared, and if you had a boy ten years of age who could not prepare letters that would read better, you would be ready to disown him. He never did make a speech that in it he did not disown and denounce his friends and indulge in glorification of himself. It is a piece of unlimited gall on the part of a gentleman absolutely without merit of any kind to aspire to this high position, and I say that it is a shame that our friend should be so obstructed.

"Why, the men who are supporting him are men who, less than thirty-six months ago, he styled the 'gang.' He was opposed to short hairs then. They are supporting him now, and they are not supporting him in good faith. The gentleman has been put up for a purpose, and he cannot command the respect of the Republican party. I have here some extracts from his speeches, and, when I say that he is not a Republican but for office, I propose to prove it and do quote from him, not from extemporaneous speeches but from speeches carefully prepared by him as late as three years ago. 'Can anybody' (reading), he says, 'doubt that the gang, the railroad company and the water company put up the ticket nominated by the Republican Convention?'

"The Republican Convention was composed of the railroad company, the water company and 'the gang.' Why, everybody knows that the railroad company is against W. R. Davis."

Reading again, the speaker quoted Dr. Pardee: "At the Tabernacle, I was, I am proud to say, one of those who bolted from the Republican convention four years ago. I am also proud to say that I was one of those who endorsed John R. Glascock for Mayor. I say in years later I was seduced into voting for the Republican party.' That was dated February 16, 1893. 'Seduced' into voting for the Republican ticket! Why the man is too good for this world. He is too good for any nomination on the Republican ticket, and he ought not to be troubled with one.

"He concluded the speech with the following personation:

"'Be faithful to yourselves. Repudiate the Republican Syren. Steer safely between the Democratic scylee and the Republican Carydis. Elect the Non-Partisan ticket and let Oakland be what is has always claimed to be, the Athen of the Pacific, imitating the stern public virtues of the Ancient Greeks before the Athenian gang got control of the Grecian states.

"There is but one Republican seeking your votes at the next primary election. He is our friend, your friend, and ever since he attained his majority he has been loyal to the Republican party. I have known him eighteen years, and I have studied him. On the moral side of his character there is a sturdy honesty that embraces all that is good and prudent. On the intellectual side of his character there is ability to reason from cause to effect in a straight line, with a faculty of expression which will make him a model campaigner." (Cheers.)

Mr. Morgan from Auburn was called upon and said that up his way the Pardee and the Davis problem is still an unsolved one and he was present to be enlightened on the subject. The sentiment, however, so far as he could ascertain, in Placer county was largely in favor of Davis.

W. R. Davis was the next speaker, and his presence on the floor was greeted with applause.

He remembered, he said, that the last time he had been in that hall was when they were about to be annexed to Oakland. He had been asked to go out there and help them, and he had gone and aided and they had been annexed. What they were there for last night was to make another annexation,—that was to annex all the rest of California to Alameda county. As every man knew, the speaker had never asked or solicited support in his candidacy for Governor. It had been his purpose and it would be his purpose to the end, to address himself to their judgment and not to their buttonholes. He wondered whether they knew any of their neighbors who had received as high as four or five letters through the mails, soliciting their views and assistance which had not been answered. He wondered whether they knew of any of their neighbors who had received six of such letters without replying to them. If they had not heard of such neighbor and such letters having been received, such was the case nevertheless. They (the speaker's friends) were beginning at a different place and they were coming out at a different place, too. When some people had asked whether or not he would allow the use of his name as a candidate for Governor, they had already held several meetings. They had presented their views to him and had asked him to consider them, and he did consider them and he had concluded that the Republicans of this county were entitled to some consideration from the Republican party. That was where the matter began. There was no man who had a personal right to lay claim to that great honor. He had asked no man ever to consider the question from that standpoint, and he should never ask them to do it and never should he ask any man in the county to do it. No man, however well qualified he might be for the position, should ask the Republican party to do something for him, but he should ask the Republican party where he could be of some service to it. He had endeavored for twenty-five years to do what was to be done. He was still willing to do it as a private in the Republican ranks, the same as he was ready to do it twenty-five years ago. He had no superstitious allegiance to the Republican party, but he thought a great deal more of the Republican party than he did of any individual in it.

Mr. Davis then reviewed the events which led to the establishment of the Republican party, the work of reconstruction, the financial policy which it had favored, which he contrasted with the borrowing peculiarities of the Democratic party.

He then referred to the fact that he was not acting because of any right that he had to have the Republican party do anything for him. That was too small to think of it, and yet if there were any man in Golden Gate, Alameda county or California who believed that his name was being used with that intent, he requested him now to oppose to the utmost in his power, W. R. Davis. He was not a part of the Republican party by superstitious allegiance, but by a consideration of its principles, and any citizen who believed in the prosperity of the people, the progress of the country, who believed in every step that goes to make up the country, must know that it wasn't a light thing to slip out of its ranks and assail it as if it were a common enemy. There were fifty-seven counties in the State. Alameda was only one county. This people of this county could not name a Governor themselves. They must do that which would meet with the best wishes of the people of the fifty-six other counties. They were to go to Sacramento to the State Convention. For what would that convention assemble? The delegates would know nothing about Golden Gate trouble. They would assemble to consider about the welfare of the Republican party and the government of the State, so as to keep this State in the Republican column in the ensuing election, so that in the next national election it would still be found in the same place.

Mr. Davis then offered a suppositious case, that Napa county for twenty-five years had been the banner Republican county of the State, and that two years ago she had given a Republican majority which turned the tide of battle and gave the State to the Republicans by 2,500. That, he said, was precisely what Alameda county had done. From half of the other counties of the State had come the information that their people wanted to prefer Alameda county, but they wanted to know also that when Alameda named the man, that the name would be consistent with the principles, the welfare and success of the Republican party.

Suppose, he continued, when the candidate when Napa, as the suppositious banner county of the party, would name went to Sacramento and his name was presented to the convention. It would be said, perhaps, that his name was Smith. But what Smith? would be asked. What had he done? The reply would be that he was the best man in Napa. It would be replied to, perhaps, that he had not been heard of. But what had he done for the Republican party? would be asked. The reply would be, well, he was perhaps against the Republican party.

The speaker believed that Alameda county would receive the preference if it should present the name of a man that the members of the convention would not have to make too much inquiries about and who could show service in the Republican party.

Mr. Davis talked about the presence of Populists in county offices, claiming that he would prefer to have all of the offices filled by Republicans.

The meeting closed with three cheers for Davis and the army and navy.

PATRIOTISM

Every pound of good tea you buy, you contribute 10 cents for Uncle Sam's Boys in Blue.

Uncle Sam called for more money on June 13th; but if you buy tea of us, you needn't pay it until July 15th. We will pay Uncle Sam's war tax until July 15th.

DRINK Good Health to the Boys in Blue
WITH
AMERICA'S BEST TEA

Quality Best Obtainable — Prices Lowest in America

Great American Importing Tea Co.

SPEAKING FOR THEIR
108 MONEY SAVING STORES

OAKLAND STORES:

1052 Washington St., Oakland
917 Broadway, Oakland
131 San Pablo Ave., Oakland
1510 Seventh St., W. Oakland
616 Twelfth St., E. Oakland
1355 Park St., Alameda

A GOOD TIME TO BUY TEA

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

A Modern Horse Hospital.

Is the handsome new building of the Oakland Veterinary Hospital, Drs. Pierce and Archibald props., 1724 Webster. Every convenience and modern mechanical contrivance for surgical work. Tel. main 651.

SWEET THOUGHTS

Are sweeter when flavored by the pure candies made by Lehnhardt. At Lehnhardt's can be found all the latest novelties in confections. Our candies are made of the purest materials and contain no deleterious substances. Broadway, near Fourteenth.

Special Notice.

All articles at H. Schellhaas' old store are selling at about half regular price; bedroom and parlor goods, wool mattresses, in fact household goods of all kinds. 408 Eleventh street, near Franklin. See our goods and prices. Folding beds, lounges, cot beds, camp chairs. Telephone 852 blue.

Special this week at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh street; household furniture. Telephone 852 blue.

Allen's Press Clipping Bureau,

510 Montgomery street, S. F. Established 1883. Furnishes newspaper clippings and information on all topics, business and personal.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BURNS, KELLY AND CRIMMINS KEEPING POLITICIANS BUSY.

How the Gubernatorial Contest Seems to be Going—Senator Stratton Can be on the Island Commission if He Wants to.

(Special to the Tribune.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—The true inwardness of the situation as regards the political positions of Colonel Burns, Phil Crimmins and Martin Kelly is what every one would like to know nowadays. There are all sorts of rumors about, and any variety of knowledge can be obtained, dependent, of course, upon the particular camp in which the seeker for knowledge happens to be at the time. As a matter of fact, though, no one knows with any degree of accuracy how things will come out and the probabilities are that the three gentlemen themselves are equally uncertain as to what the future will bring forth.

It is absolutely impossible to obtain information from any of the trio. The most Martin Kelly can be induced to say is that "everything will be all right." Crimmins tells you confidentially that he is "in it" once more, and Colonel Burns simply smokes his cheroots and takes the lofty stand of wanting to do what is best for the Republicans of California. In all probability, though, not one of the three has actually made up his mind as to who he will be urging for Governor when the clans meet at Sacramento, though of course it is impossible for any one to have progressed thus far in the campaign without having some individual preference.

Meantime the various candidates are trampling down the grass in all directions, for the ante-nomination campaign has now reached that stage where at any moment combinations may be formed that will decide the issue. Every body is trying to feel his way, and outside of the candidates and their immediate followers there is manifest a desire to proceed as gingerly as possible. While, as far as your professional politician is concerned, there is nothing more devoutly to be desired than to get in with a winner at the start instead of the finish, at the same time the devil does not hate holy water any more fervently than does this same politician to tie himself up with a loser.

The open nature of the fight, too, is what makes the situation so perplexing. Though there are some who think this or that candidate is an ultimate certainty, it must be admitted that there is a whole lot to be done before it reaches the "all over but shouting" stage. Take Alameda county, for example. Instead of the clouds clearing there, the same old complications exist, for Pardee and Davis are still pulling in opposite directions on the rope, and though the followers of both the contestants say that by the time convention gets around they will both be exerting their strength on the same end, there is no immediate indication of such a consolidation.

Senator Tom Flint has been in town most of the week and expresses the utmost satisfaction over the way his fight is going. He has never from the first laid claim to enough individual strength to be able to win out on a joint ballot, but has made his campaign solely on the basis of getting the nomination from those delegations that are unable to pull their own candidates through. A second choice fight is rather a risky one at any time and is of course far more uncertain when the nominating convention is one that will probably be programmed from first to last before it meets. However, there is many a slip, etc., and Senator Flint is taking chances on that end of it.

There is no disguising the fact that Lou Brown has made wonderful headway during the past few months. He has brought his knowledge of politics and his wide acquaintance to bear on the situation in such a way that those who at first thought he had scarcely a fighting chance, are now willing to admit that the nomination may go to him. He is not letting an opportunity escape him, no matter how small it may be, and as he is personally conducting his fight, he is able to keep more in touch with the actual conditions than if he entrusted his fortunes to a manager. He is supremely confident as regards the result, and figures that he can hold enough individual strength to prevent any other candidate from getting the nomination on the first ballot if he does not. When once a second ballot is called for he thinks he has the fight won.

George Knight has during the past few days been making very emphatic denials of the stories that he will be an eleventh-hour candidate. He says very positively that he does not want the nomination and that all he desires is to see a good Republican win. He will probably be seen on the stump hereabouts this campaign, for the party is very anxious to avail itself of his oratorical powers, especially if Maguire is in the field as the Democratic nominee.

The Gage boom is being patted on the back in every way possible, and there are a few devotees who affirm that when the battle is over it will be found that the programme was Gage of Los Angeles for Governor and a Northern man for Senator. Just who this Northern man is no one wants to say, the only expression of opinion in that regard being that he is very well known, very popular, and one who will be a surprise when his candidacy is announced. Perhaps it is Judge Henshaw. It is true that he has eight years of his term on the Supreme Bench yet to serve and that he would have to exchange a salary of $6,000 a year for one of $5,000. However, the added honors of being in the upper house of Congress and the possibilities for the future would be enough to offset all that.

* * *

Speaking of United States Senator brings to mind that as the season of county conventions has been started up it will be interesting to watch for any indications of influences being brought to bear on the local fights in the interests of any particular candidate. So far, outside of U. S. Grant, Jr., no one seems to have made a move and the Republican Convention of Fresno county the other day was noticeable for the lack of interest that generally accompanies legislative nominations in a Senatorial year.

The selections made at Fresno appear to be thoroughly satisfactory to the Republicans there for the nominees got away with their fights almost without an effort. Dr. Chester Rowell was selected for the Senate; M. B. Harris, a prohibitionist from Oleander, got the nomination in the Sixty-second Assembly District, and R. M. Wood of Sanger was named for the Assembly in the Sixty-third.

Mention of Assembly fights brings to mind the fact that Wm. McDonald of Livermore writes to me that he is out for Clarke's place in the Forty-sixth District. McDonald is very popular in that part of the county, and in all probability will have little trouble in securing the nomination. The candidates in the Alameda county districts up to date are as follows:

Forty-sixth—McDonald of Livermore, Crooks of Haywards.

Forty-seventh—J. Russell Knowland of Alameda.

Forty-eighth—R. B. Friend.

Forty-ninth—W. H. L. Hynes.

Fiftieth—M. Smith, J. L. Crittenden, H. M. Van Armen.

Fifty-first—Will Pringle, Howard Wright.

The Democrats seem to be in that condition known as in statu quo. The efforts by the anti-Maguires to spike the Congressman's guns are awaiting but little, for it seems impossible to stem the tide that is running in his favor. Were Governor Budd in the fight for renomination there is no doubt that there would be many a change along the line, for a large number of the ardent Maguire men are also for Budd and would stand by the Governor's colors if he wanted to run again. In the face, though, of his positive assurance that he can in no way be considered a candidate this element feels itself footloose and the result is that the Maguire strength is being asserted very forcibly.

The Congressman himself is by no means asleep. His reintroduction of the anti-railroad amendment shows that he is going to force the fighting on those lines, and it will undoubtedly be purely as an anti-railroad candidate that he will face the people of California and ask for their votes. If, as is anticipated, Congress adjourns next week, he will hurry back to California to attend to his fight, as will, indeed, every member of the delegation from this State. It is all very well to say that a Congressman's fight for renomination is being best made while he is at Washington working for his country—the sentiment is pretty enough but these are prosaical times and the only thing that counts effectively in a campaign is sheer hard, individual canvassing done on the spot.

Maguire can of course figure a little differently to the Congressmen for with all the State patronage to be bestowed those interested in getting some of the pie from a Governor's hands will naturally look after his interests very closely. With the Congressmen this year though it is entirely different. The Federal patronage has nearly all gone in California and the incumbents for the next two years will have nothing to dispense but a few small postoffices. A Congressman is supposed to so handle his patronage that the hard work and political influence of those he gives places to during his first two years will secure him a renomination for the next term. It is on this ground that most of the Congressional battles will be fought out in California this winter.

Passing from State to Federal politics for a minute I hear that assurances have come from Washington that despite his being on the Civil Service list Shipping Commissioner Gwin will shortly be removed. When he gives the honors and emoluments of what is one of the best offices in California will be turned over to Paris Kilburn, that is if the present programme gets through.

Down at the United States Marshal's office the early fears that as soon as a Republican succeeded Barry Baldwin all the Democratic deputies would be removed, have been set at rest. There seems no disposition to bother any of them, for the present anyhow and in all probability the Civil Service regulations will succeed in holding them there. Marshal Shine by the way wears one of the finest badges that ever graced the breast of an office holder in the Federal building. It is a gold and enamel Marshal's badge surmounted by an eagle and set with a huge solitaire diamond that is worth many hundred dollars. The inscription on the reverse of the shield tells the story. It says: "Presented to Hon. J. H. Shine by the citizens of Tuolumne county as a token of the esteem in which he is held, May 26, '98."

Marshal Shine has been escorting all his friends to the Crocker Building this week to see in the offices of Wellman Brothers some of the finest gold quartz ever taken out of a mine in California. It comes from the Bonanza, a mine that has already yielded over $2,000,000 and some of the rock contains fully two thirds gold. One piece alone carries about $32,000 worth and the surface is fairly bustling with the yellow metal.

The newspaper shake-up has been one of the events of the week for everyone thought that City Editor Garrett was as firmly entrenched in the Examiner office as Shafter's men are in the heights around Santiago. The Examiner was in days gone by noted for the frequency of the changes in its city room but for the past few years it has gained distinction in exactly the opposite way and therefore the changes were all the more unexpected.

The present trouble started over a local story regarding the Astor battery and it wound up with the resignation of City Editor Garrett and Jack Conners, "Tommy" Sullivan and Britt. Whether or not Editor Hearst will succeed in pouring oil on the troubled waters when he gets back from Cuba is hard to say but there are no indications of a healing under the present conditions. Meantime Ed. Warren who was formerly in charge of the Assistant City Editor's desk is in Garrett's old place and speculation is rife as to how the permanent changes will sift down.

* * *

Thomas J. Kirk, Fresno's candidate for State Superintendent of Public Instruction was endorsed by the recent convention there and has now started in on an active canvass. He will have to fight it out with Sam Black the present incumbent, who is a candidate for re-election and probably also with P. M. Fisher of Oakland.

Senator Stratton will return next Wednesday from his trip to Washington. It is understood that he is slated for the position on the Hawaiian Commission with which his name was connected and that it all rests with him whether he takes it or not. He does not want the place if it will take him from his office for any length of time but if it is only a matter of a couple of months or so he will accept. The President is said to have assured Senator Perkins that Senator Stratton can be one of the quintette when the time for appointment comes.

General H. H. Hart left for Washington D. C. last night and will not return before the 21st inst. He goes to see the President and Secretary of War regarding his proposition to raise a brigade of artillery from California. He recently received intimation that his offer may be accepted right away so he has gone on about it. Incidentally he will attend to a few matters for the Blythe estate.

The Orange county Democrats have endorsed Maguire for Governor, Colonel Dan Baker for Lieutenant-Governor, Charles Edelman for State Treasurer and A. W. Hutton for the Supreme Bench.

Paul J. Austin of San Jose seems to be making all the running for Secretary of State. It is a certainty that Lou Brown does not want the office again as his slogan is "Governor or nothing." W. T. Sesnon the present Chief Deputy of State and Will Douglass, who is now Controller Colgan's right hand man, have also been mentioned as candidates.

Byron Waiters the well known attorney wants the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Seventh District.

The Democratic Convention of Tehama county has endorsed H. P. Andrews for Attorney-General.

Ed Colgan will undoubtedly be renominated for State Controller.

Ex-State Librarian Ed McClabe is rapidly mending in health. He is out of bed but his doctor will not permit him to resume active legal work for awhile. He is still at the family residence at Modesto.

Captain Norris the newly-appointed Receiver of the Land Office at Visalia presented his commission yesterday and the office was turned over to him by the retiring Receiver Ed Puelchal.

HATTON.

BRIDGE GETS GOODS FROM HIS TRUANT WIFE.

John Bridge, who a few weeks ago complained because his wife ran off with a man named Albert Davis, has been granted judgment on default in Judge Lawrence's court.

Marie R. Bridge took with her all the furniture. Bridge replevined it and now has legal ownership of it.

First Fourth of July Casualty.

The first Fourth of July accident happened today. Tial Cohn and some of his playmates were amusing themselves by shooting off a toy cannon. The cannon did not work and the Cohn boy received a charge of powder in the face. He was treated by Steward Tobin at the Receiving Hospital.

BLACK CAT

Stockings called Leather Stockings will outwear, outlook and outsatisfy any other hose made for big boys or big girls.

25 Cents

Sizes 6 to 11, heavy ribbed, a single pair mailed free on receipt of price just to try 'em.

SMITHS' CASH STORE

SHAFTER'S MEN ARE VICTORIOUS AT SANTIAGO.

The Important Town of Caney is Taken and Held.

The Spaniards Driven From Their Intrenchments Into the City.

OUR TROOPS DO SPLENDID WORK.

Sampson's Warships Hurl Shells at the Dons With Demoralizing Effect.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A dispatch to the Herald from the headquarters of the American army before Santiago, July 1st, via Playa del Este, says:

Major-General Shafter this morning began with great vigor the attack on the outer defences of Santiago.

From three directions the American forces advanced toward the doomed city. While General Lawton and General Wheeler were attacking Caney, northeast of Santiago, General Kent was advancing toward Aguadores. General Garcia, with his Cuban troops, at the same time approached Caney from the southeast, and the other divisions of the American army pressed toward Santiago from the east, our forces thus presenting a solid front from the coast to General Linares' northern defences.

Four members of the Twenty-first Regiment of regulars were killed in the fighting between Sevilla and Aguadores, while sixteen other Americans, all members of the Twenty-first, were wounded.

Both the American and Spanish fleets early joined in the battle. While Admiral Sampson's men were reducing the recently emplace batteries at Aguadores, Admiral Cervera's fleet was hurling shells in the direction of the American and Cuban lines.

Two batteries of light artillery, acting under orders from Major-General Shafter, who went to the front at the head of the troops, began the battle of Santiago by attacking Caney. From this village a direct road leads into Santiago and the advances of our forces will be irresistible when they gain possession of this road.

General "Joe" Wheeler, with a detachment of his cavalry command, and General Garcia, with his Cuban troops, quickly joined General Lawton's men in the advance upon Caney. The Spaniards for a time fought desperately to prevent Caney from falling into the hands of our forces. It was a vain effort.

It was evident after the first hour's fighting that General Shafter had accurately gauged the strength of the enemy and that he would be able to drive the Spaniards into Santiago at his pleasure.

It was with difficulty that the commanding officers restrained the ardor of our troops until the hour for beginning the attack came. The enthusiasm of the American forces was intense, and their spirit quickly spread to the Cuban troops. All have shared the belief of General Shafter that Santiago could be taken by a sharp, persistent attack, and they have been impatient to advance.

Brigadier-General Kent, who commands the center of the general line of attack, started the Twenty-first Regiment of regulars toward Aguadores at the same hour General Lawton's men advanced toward Caney. Upon these troops fell the brunt of battle to the southeast of Santiago during the early hours of the day.

There was desperate fighting about Aguadores. Acting under orders from General Linares, the Spaniards at that point returned the American fire with a fury that aroused our men to the fiercest determination. They boldly faced the enemy's fire, holding the ground tenaciously and pressing forward whenever an opportunity to gain an advanced footing presented itself.

In their operations about Aguadores the Americans were greatly encouraged by the work of the fleet, which poured a heavy fire into the lines of the Spaniards.

Admiral Sampson ordered the New York, Gloucester and Suwanee to attack the batteries recently placed to the east of Morro. The vessels engaged the batteries at short range, and left only the scarred hillsides to show where the batteries had been located.

The Massachusetts and New York then opened with their big guns, plunging a heavy fire into the enemy's line. Common shells and reduced charges were used for the purpose, and they demoralized the enemy's ranks. The shells were fired at a high elevation, so as to clear the towering coast line ridge.

The Newark joined the fleet, and at noon the Iowa steamed within 1,000 yards of Morro Castle, Admiral Sampson had signalled from the flagship for the Iowa to engage Morro, but a few moments later, just as the Iowa was about to open fire, the annulling pennant was hoisted.

The Harvard arrived at Altairs with 1,100 Michigan Volunteers. They were hurried ashore and hastened to join the American line.

As the enemy was pressed back toward Santiago both at Caney and at Aguadores, the progress of our forces was in entire harmony with the plans of General Shafter. Our lines thus became more closely knit, and now the Americans and Cubans present a continuous front from the southeast to the north of the city.

On the right at Caney now is General H. W. Lawton with three brigades—the first under Colonel J. J. Van Horn, commanding the Eighth United States Army and Twenty-second Unit- United States Infantry, and the Second Massachusetts, Colonel E. P. Clark commanding.

The Second Brigade is composed of the First, Fourth and Twenty-fifth United States Infantry. The Third Brigade under General A. R. Chaffee is composed of the Seventh, Twelfth, and Seventeenth United States Infantry.

OUR NAVIES SHOULD NOT DISAPPEAR.

Hilborn Says Our Future Policy Will Be Like That of England.

At the annual meeting of the Washington (D. C.) Board of Trade, the Evening Star of that city refers to Mr. Hilborn as follows:

"The next speaker was Representative Hilborn of California, who was introduced by President Noyes as a member of the common council from California who was largely instrumental in securing the passage of the District naval battalion bill. In an exceedingly happy speech, Mr. Hilborn spoke of the fallacy of the idea that there is plenty of time to prepare for war after war comes. In the present instance, he said, it was lucky this country had not run up against such an antagonist as she might have had in the Venezuela affair. He said that when the present difficulty with Spain became acute Uncle Sam put fifty millions of dollars in his pocket and went over the world to buy war vessels. It was soon found he could buy everything else except warships. He spoke of the war with Algiers, when Congress ordered six frigates to be built. But when only three were finished a treaty of peace was made and the material on hand for building the three other ships was sold. So, he said, in the war of 1812 and in the late war navies were built up, but after the war were allowed to disappear. He hoped this experience would not be repeated.

"Mr. Hilborn spoke of the opposition to a standing army and to a large navy based on the grounds that they were thought to savor of a monarchy. In Manila harbor, recently, he said, a good deal of history was made. The peaceful policy we have pursued has now been left behind us. We are another people and our future policy will be that of England. We shall never, he exclaimed amid an outburst of applause, pull down our flag from Havana or Porto Rico. This means, he added, a great navy."

TWO RIDERS MEET WITH MISFORTUNE.

Races Prove Exciting And Keep the Spectators to the End.

Two exciting runaway accidents marred the usual order of things at the race-track yesterday, but while the delays were numerous, the occupants of the grand stand remained until the end. In the opening event, the favorite, Steve S., after winning the heat handily from Correct in 2:26¼ became unsteady and was beaten in the second by J. C. Kirkpatrick's handsome mare, Azalia, in 2:22½.

During the third he made a bucking break on the stretch, and in attempting to catch him, his driver snapped a rein. The plucky fellow prepared to dismount from the rear, but the attempt being futile, he clung to the seat and one shaft, passing the wire dangling at his horse's heels. Not until the horse was around the turn could the driver release himself. There he jumped and landed safely. The horse turned at the quarter pole and came flying back through the field of horses, without any accident, however.

The second accident occurred in the second heat of the 2:30 pace. Primrose had won the opening heat in 2:18¾ from I Direct, and the spectators leaned forward to witness an excellent second heat. Near the half mile post, Gaff Topsail swerved into Roderick and a wheel on the latter's sulky broke down, throwing rider Crippen.

The 2:16 trot was won by Thompson in 2:21. Rect captured the 2:25 trot with ease in 2:17¾, with Lou a good second. The last race went to Silver Queen.

Following is the programme for today:

2:16 class, pacing, one mile dash, purse $300—Beachwood, Monroe S., Bessie Rankin, Arthur W., Delphi.

Special 2:19, pace, one mile dash—Butcher Boy, Fitz Aymon, Dictator, Lindo, Harry Raymon.

2:20 class, trotting, mile heats, two in three, purse $300—Dr. J., Diamond, Bishop Hero, May B., Silver Ring, Ivan Alto.

2:11 class, trotting, one mile dash, purse $200—Galette, Zambro, Jack W., Mamie Griffin, Aster, Monterey.

Special, green pace—Peanuts, Captain Hackett, Polo, Lady Margaret, The Rover.

DIVORCE MILL GRINDS ITS GRIST.

Ida M. Turner Convinces the Court That She is Not Being Supported.

Ida M. Turner, a little woman who unfortunately wed a Seventh-street butcher in 1893, told her troubles to Judge Ogden this morning, and he relieved her situation by granting a decree of divorce. The ground of action was failure to provide. There is one child involved, a little fellow of three years, and he is awarded to the mother.

Attorney George E. De Golia represented the plaintiff. The husband did not appear.

Aquatic Entertainment.

The Oakland Canoe Club has sent out invitations to its fellow organizations for a grand celebration at the Club's boathouse on Sessions' Basin. Most of the Clubs have been obliged to decline the invitation on account of a conflict with their inter-club schedule. The programme will be assembly at 10:30 A. M., boat race at 1 P. M., canoe race for Holiday cup at 2:30 P. M. to be followed by swimming and tub races. At 4:30 P. M. it is proposed to "splice the main brace" and have dancing and cruising till late in the evening.

Pears'

Get one cake of it.

Nobody ever stops at a cake.

CUBANS UNDER DIAZ DEFEAT THE SPANISH.

Fierce Battle in Pinar Del Rio Province Recently.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 2.—According to advices received here by the Cuban Junta, General Diaz, in command of the Sixth Cuban Army Corps in Pinar del Rio, had recently a battle with the Spanish troops in the western part of the province, in which he came off victor, taking a great many prisoners.

The Spanish loss was heavy, while the Cubans lost less than fifty men.

After the battle half the company of soldiers from the Spanish garrison marched into the Cuban camp with their arms and ammunition and offered their services, giving as reasons for their desertion ill treatment on the part of the officers and insufficient food.

General Diaz has with him about 5,000 soldiers, well armed and equipped, and a large number of reconcentrados who are without arms. The food supply is very short, however, and it is with great difficulty that frequent foraging expeditions keep the camp partly supplied with food. There has been much suffering among the reconcentrados, but it has been greatly alleviated since they left the cities and joined the insurgent armies.

Four Spanish spies were caught in the Cuban camp, and after a speedy trial by court-martial they were sentenced and promptly shot. The Spanish prisoners are kept under close guard, but are fed and well treated. Hitherto it has been the practice to release the Spaniards captured after depriving them of their arms and ammunition, but it is now the purpose of General Diaz to keep the prisoners in order that they may be exchanged for Cubans and United States soldiers taken prisoners by the Spaniards.

The battle which resulted so favorably for General Diaz's forces was one of the fiercest engagements which have taken place in Pinar del Rio, and lasted the greater part of the day. Both sides fought in guerrilla fashion, but the Spaniards were finally forced to withdraw before the heavy and constant fire of the Cubans. Nearly all the ammunition in the Cuban camp was used up, and the insurgents will be in poor condition for another fight unless they can obtain new supplies.

COUNTY LEAGUE GAME TOMORROW.

Alameda Alerts to Meet Westovers' Heavy Hitters at Elmhurst Park.

The County League game to-morrow promises to be an interesting contest. The Alameda Alerts won last Sunday from the Grand Rule Bazaars in as fine a game as has been played this season. To-morrow the Alerts will try conclusions with the newly-organized team, the Westovers.

In this team are some well-known players who are batters from away back. Billy Peters, Dickenhausen, Leroy and Smith being four of the heaviest strikers in the county.

What Boyd's youngsters will do against such men remains to be seen, but they are confident that there will be rejoicing in Alameda after the game.

Company E, Eighth Regiment, has a ball team which they have asked to have admitted to the League.

The boys from Santa Rosa have several of the members of the famous Kugam Bros. team, together with a number of other good players, and they feel that they would stand a show with the teams in the League.

The list filed with their application is as follows:

Private Wikeman, catcher, Corporal Godman, pitcher and captain; Private Hurt, first base; Musician Cobb, second base; Private Hood, third base; Private Peraga, short-stop; Private Pedigo, left field; Private Klink, center field; Sergeant Claypool, right field.

The directors will no doubt take favorable action upon the application of the boys in blue and give them an opportunity to try conclusions with the local players.

The line-up for to-morrow's game will be as follows:

Westover.	Position.	Alerts
Peters	catcher	Hammond
Adamina	pitcher	Wickman
Dickenhausen	1st base	L. Schroeder
Pegman	2nd base	Parker
Griffin	3rd base	Shea
Smith	short-stop	Bird
Gilleck	left field	Cy Russell
Sears	center field	Britt
Leroy	right field	G. Schroeder
Slehan	substitute	
Kahan	substitute	

ANGLO-SAXONS TO FRATERNIZE.

The Ottawa Troops Will Celebrate the Fourth With the Vermonters.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 2.—The Ottawa Field Battery, the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards and the Forty-third Regiment, all from the Ottawa district, will leave here Sunday night for Burlington, Vt., to join in the Fourth of July celebration there. There will be about 600 officers and men.

Patriotism at the Y. M. C. A.

A public meeting will be held at the Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock to which all men and women are cordially invited. It will be a patriotic service consisting of music by an orchestra, which will render popular national anthems, vocal solos by Mrs. Eva Wren and an address by the noted pulpit orator, Rev. F. B. Cherington, D. D., of the Plymouth Church, San Francisco, who will speak on the subject, "Our Cause a Righteous One."

The well known and celebrated Eagle Brand liqueurs and cordials at Thomsen Co., sole ag

WAR BALOON OBSERVATIONS AT SIBONEY.

Valuable Information is Obtained for Gen. Shafter.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A dispatch to the Press from Siboney, Cuba, June 30th, via Playa del Este, says:

For the first time in the history of the United States a war balloon was sent up this afternoon, making observations of incalculable benefit to General Shafter's forces in the field occupied by the enemy and over the doomed city of Santiago. It was manned by two members of the Signal Corps. Of all the reconnoisances made inside the Spanish lines by spies from our army, no information brought back by them has been so valuable as that obtained by the observers in the balloon.

Since the disembarking of the troops, and the advance made toward Santiago, members of the Signal Corps have been anxious to try the balloon, and today permission was given to use it. Preparations for sending up the airship were speedily made, the hydrogen gas generated for charging it was brought out and the wagon containing the reels for the wire cable which was to hold it captive was put together.

When everything was ready two members of the Signal Corps entered the car, guy ropes were released and the balloon, looking like some monster endowed with life, shot up into the air while the soldiers cheered their comrades who were going on a mission full of peril.

The balloon was sent up from an open, elevated space, not far from General Shafter's headquarters, near Siboney. While it soared in the air, seeming to almost touch the cloudless sky, fully 1,800 feet above the ground, it was in plain view of the American army and the men on the warships lying off the coast. They watched it with the greatest interest, and no doubt it was with mixed feelings of wonder and fear that the officers and men in the Spanish army, in Cervera's fleet and the people in Santiago viewed it soaring over the territory held by them.

The men in the balloon were soon aware that they had been sighted by the Spaniards, for messengers ran about and shots, evidently from machine guns, were aimed at them. The swaying motion of the huge gas bag and the effect of gravity, however, prevented any of the projectiles from hitting it, and the Spaniards soon gave it up, evidently not wishing to waste ammunition.

Everything that could be desired was to be seen by the men in the balloon. In the harbor of Santiago Cervera's ships swung placidly at anchor, and now and then launches could be seen passing back and forth among them. With their telescopes the Spanish warships, the camps and the city were brought into close range, but all the information gained is in the possession of General Shafter and some of the members of his staff. Sketches and maps were drawn, showing the enemy's location.

AN ELOPEMENT ENDS IN DIVORCE.

Jessy DeLancey Seperated by Court From Her Husband.

Jesse Hendersons marital bliss proved short lived. It was only last St. Patrick's Day that she arose in defiance to her father's wishes and eloped with John De Lancey. The couple went to San Jose and returned man and wife.

Three weeks ago the wife commenced divorce proceedings on the ground of extreme cruelty. She could no longer love the man whom a few months before she so adored that she invoked upon her the wrath of her entire family in order to live with him.

By the decree handed down to-day, no alimony or property rights are awarded.

In the Justice Courts.

Judge Wood has rendered judgment for the plaintiff in the suit instituted by Esty again Mrs. Panthea Rogers to recover $158 for labor performed.

The Excelsior Redwood Company has won its suit against Mrs. H. A. Morris to recover $93 on a promissory note.

"My Cake Is Dough."

Did not use Sperry's Flour.

To Sleep well buy your bedding of the Schreiber Furniture Co. We make our own—of new and clean material and we guarantee quality.

We do fine Upholstering at small prices and our workmanship is the best.

Our Furniture buys are direct from the manufacturers, and in finish, make and material eclipse competition.

SCHREIBER FURNITURE CO.
Cor. 13th and Franklin.
Opp. Narrow Gauge Depot.